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No anonymously signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.

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DEATHS.

PORTER.—On September 7, at Shanghai, ALFRED MICHAEL JOHN PORTER, of the Chinese Maritime Customs, aged 41 years.

DAVIS.—On September 7, at Shanghai, LEONARD H. DAVIS, of Messrs. Melchers & Co., aged 29 years.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10, DES VUEZ ROAD (2). LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 13TH, 1913.

No one can read the interesting reports which are issued annually by the Government-General of Chosen (Korea) on "Reforms and Progress" in that country without admiration for the excellent work which is being done by the Japanese rulers of the territory for the moral and material improvement of one of the most backward races in Asia. The Report for 1911-1912, just published, is prefaced by an introductory chapter which may be said to possess a peculiar interest of its own on account of the effort made to express in English the picturesque generalisations and enthusiasms of Oriental thought. We are told, for instance, that since the annexation of the country the Koreans have "come to regard the Japanese as seniors and the latter to regard the former as juniors, and so their brotherhood is being cemented by mutual respect." The small boy usually has a wholesome respect for the big boy, but it is more often inspired by fear than love. This, however, is not the kind of relationship which the compiler of the Report wishes to suggest. On the contrary, we are expressly told that

"the ill-feeling of Koreans towards Japanese, and the maltreatment of Koreans by Japanese formerly in evidence have gradually become a thing of the past," which is eminently satisfactory if true, and it must be allowed that there is nothing apparent in the general situation in Chosen to contradict the official report on this point. One may find in the Report ample justification for saying that the Small Boy has been bribed with sugar-coated plums into being good. At the time of the Annexation the Emperor of Japan sanctioned an "Imperial Donation" of 30,000,000 yen to Korea, of which seventeen millions ("in addition to grants distributed among peers, the literati class, dutiful children, virtuous wives, aged persons, etc.") has been distributed among twelve prefectures and 317 districts as permanent funds for the encouragement of education and agriculture, as well as for providing relief in time of famine or other calamity. "The grace and virtue of His Imperial Majesty," we are told in the official Report, "produced a specially profound influence upon the mind of the general public in the newly-annexed territory when it was seen how wisely and appropriately the Imperial grants or donations were being distributed. These industrial, educational and charitable undertakings maintained by the above-mentioned Imperial Donation—Fund showing good results, His MAJESTY'S newly-annexed subjects are beginning to appreciate thoroughly the material benefits and well-being resulting from the new régime." The Korean would be a very unruly and ungracious Small Boy indeed if he did not show some appreciation of these material benefits which his Elder Brother has so generously bestowed upon him. Even the members of the late Royal House of Korea are finding themselves in clover. When Japan annexed the territory—"with the approval of His Majesty the Emperor of Korea," as the Treaty has it—Japan agreed to make an annual grant of 1,600,000 yen to the ex-Emperor, this being the same amount as he received while he occupied the Throne, but whereas then "it barely sufficed to discharge all obligations," now, thanks to reduction of expenditure by the abolition of numerous Court ceremonies and the discharge of superfluous officials and employees, the grant provided is "more than ample." Everybody is happy in Korea—or at least that is the general impression the Report conveys. "The people in general, being freed from the extortion practised of old, are now engaging in their respective peaceful avocations without anxiety, enjoying ample guarantee of life and property under the new régime. With the encouragement of industries, productive labour, and the saving of money, the habitual idleness and spendthrift tendency of the people are gradually being successfully combated." Even the foreigner shares in the blessings which have followed from annexation, for we read that "by the extinction of Consular jurisdiction, foreigners under the Imperial jurisdiction now enjoy more positive protection of life and property and in their business activities, in comparison with that obtaining under the negative preventive system of foreign Consular jurisdiction." We are not aware that foreigners residing in Korea have any reason to seriously quarrel with this statement. It is manifest that the general conditions in Korea have been immensely improved during the past few years. The whole administration has been reformed, root and branch; an educational system has been introduced (in which special importance, by the way, is attached to teaching, "the new national language," Japanese, and to industrial training); numerous public works have been undertaken, such as the construction of highways, railways, harbour improvements, etc., splendid efforts are being made by the Government to foster and develop agriculture and other productive industries by improved methods, and the Report contains quite a number of interesting illustrations which impress the reader with the value and importance of the great work which is being done. The new rulers of the territory are, in short, trying to Japonicise their new possession as rapidly as possible, and a glance at these annual reports is sufficient to show how admirably they are succeeding.

The typhoon yesterday morning was in the vicinity of Hoihow.

The French mail of the 12th August was delivered in London on the 11th September.

The promotion of Lieut. A. G. White, 120th Baluchistan Infantry, to the rank of Captain is gazetted.

Colonel C. W. R. St. John, R.E., has been granted leave of absence, on private affairs, from the 18th November to 2nd December.

The American Consulate General is revising its typhoon list and is prepared to furnish copies of all the typhoon warnings received from Manila to all firms in the Colony directly interested in shipping who are not at present in receipt of them.

Mr. Frank L. Crone has been appointed Director of Education in the Philippines in succession to the late Mr. Frank R. White. Mr. Charles H. Magee has been appointed Assistant Director and Mr. John D. De Huff as Superintendent of City Schools in Manila.

A party of police, under Mr. T. H. King (Assistant Superintendent), boarded the steamer *Shingo Maru*, and found 18 automatic pistols, 36 revolvers, and about 6,000 rounds of ammunition in a bathroom in the steerage section of the vessel. One man was detained.

News has reached Manila of the death of Judge Charles N. Smith, who went home from Manila in ill-health a few months ago. He had served in several official capacities in the Philippines since he came out in 1903 as prosecuting attorney, his last appointment being that of presiding Judge of the Court of Land Registration.

The Bishop of Victoria will to-morrow conduct Divine Service at the British Church, Macao. This is the oldest Anglican Church in the Far East. In the graveyard adjoining lie the bodies of Robert Morrison, the first Protestant missionary to China, and his wife. The Bishop arranges for service to be held there twice a month, usually on the second and last Sundays.

Sir Charles Eliot, K.C.M.G., Principal of Hongkong University, who has been spending his vacation in Peking, returned to the Colony yesterday, on the *Shingomaru*. Professor C. A. Middleton Smith, Dean of the Faculty of Engineering at the University, who has been spending his vacation in England, furthering the interests of the Engineering section of the University, returned to Hongkong by the same steamer, accompanied by Mrs. Smith and children, who have been staying in Japan.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

We are officially informed that a telegram from the head office of the Bank states that the Directors have declared an interim dividend for the past half-year at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum free of income tax.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCH IN HONGKONG.

We are informed that the Christian Science Society of Hongkong, which was organized into First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Hongkong on August 12th, 1913. First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Hongkong thus becomes the first organized branch church in the Asiatic continent of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.

Mr. William R. Rathvon, C.S.B., of Denver, Colorado, a Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts, will deliver a free lecture on Christian Science at the Theatre Royal on Monday, November 10th, 1913, at 5.30 p.m., under the auspices of First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Hongkong. Mr. Rathvon is lecturing on Christian Science in Honolulu, New Zealand, Australia and Manila before arriving here. The growth of Christian Science in New Zealand and especially in Australia is very marked.

TRADE-MARK LAW IN JAPAN.

An important decision has been delivered by the Osaka Court, which rules that the registration of representatives of foreign-domiciled trade-mark owners under the old Trade-Mark Law is invalid under the new Law and that fresh registration is required.

JAPAN AND CALIFORNIA.

The Japanese gentleman who states the case against California in the *Spectator* is not quite so convincing as might be desired. He dwells on the comparatively small quantity of land either owned or rented by the Japanese in California, and then goes on immediately to declare that 66 per cent. of the "total agricultural produce" of California is supplied by the Japanese. They raise a million pounds worth of fruit and vegetables alone. If they do so much with such small proportions of the land, it is evident that Japanese competition is a thing of serious account in the State, instead of the trivial affair we are often asked to believe. We wish some Japanese publicist would have the fairness to couple with an exposition of Japan's own land laws against foreigners, and a candid description of Japanese commercial policy in Manchuria and Korea.—*Pull Mall Gazette*.

TELEGRAMS.

["DAILY PRESS," EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

THE MURDER OF MR. ABE.

ASSASSIN COMMITS HARA-KIRI.

TOKYO, September 12th.

The assassin of Mr. Abe committed *hara-kiri* sitting before a large map of China. He observed all the formalities associated with this ancient form of suicide.

The public are subscribing towards the funeral expenses.

A second man concerned in the assassination of Mr. Abe has been arrested at Ujina on the way to Dairen.

THE JAPANESE DEMANDS ON CHINA.

TOKYO, September 12th.

The terms to be presented to Peking are awaited with keen interest.

The *Nichi Nichi* correspondent at Peking says it is rumoured that a permanent lease of Manchuria is demanded. This, however, is denied by the Legation.

THE FUTURE OF CHINA.

TOKYO, September 12th.

The correspondent of the *Fiji* at Peking says that many officials in Peking and Tientsin are looking forward to the re-establishment of Imperialism in China.

THE LATE COUNT NOGI.

TOKYO, September 12th.

To-morrow is the first anniversary of the death of General Nogi. A big celebration is projected.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CHINA PRESENTED WITH JAPAN'S DEMANDS.

APOLOGY, PUNISHMENT AND INDEMNITY REQUIRED.

PEKING, September 12th.

Japan has presented a series of demands to the Chinese Government relating, firstly, to the torture at Hankow on the 11th October, of Lieutenant Nihimura, who was stripped of his uniform and hung up by the hands; secondly, to the arrest of another Japanese officer at Shanghai; thirdly, to the killing of Japanese at Nanking; and finally, to the insult to the Japanese flag. Japan demands an apology, the punishment of the guilty and payment of an indemnity, the amount of which is to be settled later.

China is required to comply immediately, otherwise Japan will take such action as she may deem necessary.

It is expected that China will comply forthwith.

IMPERIAL RIFLE SHOOTING.

RESULTS OF CHALLENGE SHIELD COMPETITION.

LONDON, September 12th.

The following are the results in the Imperial Challenge Shield Rifle Competition:

SENIORS.	Average score.
1st Co. Naval Reserve (South Australia)	92.4
1st Co. Roberts' Cadet Corps	92.2
St. Giles' Co. (London) Church Lads' Brigade	91.7
King Edward's School (Witley)	91.2
Naval Cadets (Albany)	91.0
A Co. 51st Batt. Senior Cadets (S. Melbourne)	89.0
A Co. Lancing College	87.7
Inverness Academy	87.5
Colchester Grammar School	84.6
Dunstable School	84.3
JUNIORS.	
Marine Cadet Corps (Deal)	89.8
Eastern Road School (Melbourne)	89.6
Naval Boys' Brigade (Devonport)	89.0
Cottesmore School	88.6
2nd Co. Roberts' Cadet Corps	84.2
5th Co. Naval Cadets (South Australia)	84.2

The news of the death of M. Pellissier will be received with regret by all who have ever heard the *Follies*, and enjoyed his *Potted Plays*.

TELEGRAMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE HOME RULE QUESTION.

IMPORTANT LETTER FROM LORD LOREBURN.

STRIKING ARTICLE BY THE "TIMES."

LONDON, September 12th.

Lord Loreburn, the ex-Lord Chancellor, in a three-column letter to the *Times*, urges the necessity of a Conference of the Party leaders to settle the Irish question by consent. He says:—"A critical time is rapidly approaching, and no good purpose would be served by ignoring the certainty that the passage of the Bill will be followed by serious rioting in the North of Ireland, and that, on the other hand, if the Bill, by some accident, is rejected, the situation will be even more serious, with the prospect of rioting, boycotting, and intimidation." His Lordship suggests that no preliminary conditions should be exacted from the Conference, but, unlike the Conference in 1910, when the confidential discussions are ended the final proposals should be published if no agreement is concluded in order to enable the public to judge of the definite views of the leading men.

The *Times*, in a leading article, describes Lord Loreburn's letter as a document of the first political importance, and says:—"For the first time, on the eve of a great political crisis, maybe of national disaster, a distinguished Liberal statesman makes a public confession of belief that, as a permanent solution of the Irish question, the policy of the Government is indefensible. We have reason to believe that behind the scenes Cabinet Ministers are gravely perturbed at the prospect before the country." The article concludes with the statement that, "Evidence is not at present forthcoming that the time is ripe for applying Lord Loreburn's method of achieving a peaceful solution of the question."

Lord Loreburn's suggestion of a conference has aroused the greatest interest and widespread signs of approval.

The *Westminster Gazette* agrees with the *Times* that Unionists could not be expected to enter into a proposed conference pledged to an Irish Parliament with an Irish executive at the same time. The conference would be a mere waste of time unless it is agreed that the government of Ireland must be altered from what it now is. It might be well worth while to consult and see if agreement by consent is possible.

The Conservative evening papers all emphasise that the Government must take the first step, while the question for discussion will be the problem of the Irish Parliament, not of the Home Rule Bill.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* states that Englishmen are becoming increasingly convinced that unless the problem of Ireland is settled by agreement, it will never be settled.

The *Globe* says the most hopeful solution might be found in an agreement between the two British parties without the presence of the two Irish parties. Such a conference might possibly achieve success where the conference of 1910 failed.

The *Evening Standard* says the essential factors are, firstly, the good-will of all sides and a desire for settlement rather than to snatch a party advantage; secondly, the whole question must be left open.

The *Daily Mail* says that Unionists will not go to a Conference called with the object of bringing the present Home Rule Bill into effect.

The *Daily Telegraph* states:—"The time calls not for a Conference, but for an election."

The *Morning Post* observes that the difficulties of a settlement by consent are enormous, and thinks that in view of the wide gulf separating the parties the best solution of the matter is to let the people decide.

TELEGRAMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

The Standard says:—The Unionists do not want to participate in another farce like the Conference of 1910. If Mr. Asquith chooses to withdraw the Home Rule Bill an offer of a Conference will deserve careful consideration.

The *Daily Chronicle* expresses the view that Lord Loreburn's plea for a Conference is a plea that the Government should disobey the National mandate to carry the Home Rule Bill.

The *Daily News* says:—"Whether a Conference is called or not, the Home Rule Bill holds the field."

The *Birmingham Daily Post*, the *Western Morning News*, the *Bristol Times and Mirror*, and the *Yorkshire Post*, all Unionist organs, agree in doubting the practical value of a Conference, and are of opinion that it would be better for the electorate to decide the issue and dispose of the question once and for all.

The *South Wales Daily News* says the Liberals cannot even consider the proposal of a Conference.

Captain Craig, the well-known Unionist M.P. for East Down (Ireland), stated in an interview that a Conference would be an absurdity, as it presupposed a compromise, which was impossible in Ulster.

Mr. John Dillon, M.P., declares that no useful purpose would be served by a Conference which was not based on a concession of the principle of Home Rule.

Mr. Herbert Gibbs, the Chairman of the City of London Conservative Association, says that there is no outlet from the present situation except a general election.

THE GERMAN NAVAL AIRSHIP DISASTER.

FRENCH PRESIDENT'S CONDOLENCES.

LONDON, September 12th.

President Poincaré has condoled with the Kaiser in the disaster to the Naval airship.

It appears that while the cars were submerged almost instantaneously, the bag and mass of cordage floated for some time. Some of those who were saved were supported on this wreckage.

ANOTHER GERMAN AIRSHIP DISASTER.

BERLIN, September 12th.

A military aeroplane fell while manoeuvring above the ground at Suchenbueren, killing four spectators.

NEW ZEPPELIN OFFICIAL TRIAL POSTPONED.

BERLIN, September 12th.

The official trial of the new naval Zeppelin airship has been postponed.

THE GREEK KING'S SPEECH.

GREEK MINISTER'S UNAVAILING STATEMENT.

PARIS, September 12th.

The Greek Minister affirms that King Constantine never intended to wound the feelings of France, for whom he had the deepest admiration. He merely expressed his views on the excellence of German tactics, which even in France could count many admirers. The King renders full justice to the eminent services of the French Mission.

The Minister's speech, however, does not allay the indignation. The newspapers hope that His Majesty will himself take action to efface the deplorable impression created by his speech.

The Greek Minister in Paris has called on M. Pichon, and has communicated the contents of a telegram from his Government conveying the assurance that Greece is so conscious of what she owes to France that she will do everything to dispel the misunderstanding.

DEATH OF THE MAYOR OF NEW YORK.

LONDON, September 12th.

Mr. Gaynor, Mayor of New York, died in mid-ocean, on the way to England, aboard the *Baltic*, from heart failure.

The attack of heart failure was due to violent coughing, caused by the presence in his throat of a bullet fired at him in August, 1910. His death has plunged into confusion the campaign for the election of a new Mayor of New York.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

ANOTHER NIGERIAN RAILWAY PROJECT.

TO COST THREE MILLION STERLING.

LONDON, September 12th.

The romance of the Uganda railway promises at least to be equalled by the construction of a great artery traversing 550 miles, from the newly-discovered Port Harcourt, on a branch of the Benue river in Nigeria, to Kaduna river, where it joins the Kano railway. The cost of the new line, which Government has just sanctioned, is £3,000,000. It traverses the mysterious and almost unknown land of Juba worship, tapping the richest palm oil belt in the world, and a coal field at Udi having an area of 1,000 square miles, the coal from which is worth 75 per cent. of the value of the best Welsh. This field will be opened in sections as rapidly as possible. Surveyors and constructors are sailing forthwith.

THE MAGISTRACY.

THE BANK-NOTE CASE.

Mr. G. N. Orme dismissed the charge against Mr. Kai Lap of being in unlawful possession of \$69,000 worth of Kwangtung bank-notes. Mr. F. C. Jenkin (instructed by Mr. Leo d'Almada) was for the defence.

His Worship said it had not been proved to his satisfaction that the money had been stolen from the Yamen; therefore the case resolved itself into one of possessing a large sum of money, such as might or might not be likely to be found belonging to a man in the defendant's position.

OFFENCES AGAINST LICENSING AND STAMP ORDINANCES.

Mrs. M. S. Ogilvie, of No. 6, Mountain View, The Peak, appeared before Mr. G. N. Orme at the Magistracy yesterday in answer to three summonses. Defendant was charged with having on divers dates during June, July, and August, sold or disposed of intoxicating liquors to persons resident in her house without possessing an appropriate licence; and also with failing to stamp a receipt for \$250.72 and with improperly stamping a receipt for \$23.20.

Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse (Deputy Captain Superintendent of Police) prosecuted, and Mr. J. H. Gardiner defended.

The charge of selling liquor without a licence was first proceeded with. Mr. Gardiner said he was instructed to plead guilty on that charge. His client took in a French lady, to whom she sold whisky and sodas for 35 cents, and beer at 55 cents a bottle. It was only done at the request of the lady, and to oblige her. The defendant had no intention of defrauding the revenue or anything like that. He understood that the police were not pressing the charge. The offence was committed through pure ignorance, and his client thought that boarding-house keepers were permitted to provide drink for their lodgers.

Mr. Wodehouse said it was obvious from the chits that there was a certain amount of profit made by the defendant. He did not wish to press the case.

His Worship—There is no evidence of anyone else having bought liquor?

Mr. Gardiner—I can assure your Worship that nobody has, and that nobody will in the future.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$25.

On the second and third charges defendant pleaded not guilty. Mr. Gardiner said that at the time the receipt for \$250 was given Mrs. Ogilvie had no stamps in the house, and there was no Post Office near. The receipt she gave was only a temporary one, and a properly stamped receipt was given later.

His Worship observed that defendant should have been in a position to comply with the law. Even the people at The Peak were subject to the penalties of the law.

Mr. Gardiner—Quite so, your Worship, but it was unavoidable at that time.

A fine of \$10 in each case was imposed on the last two charges.

JAPANESE IN CANADA.

It is reported, but not on any official authority, that agents of Japan are inquiring into the conditions surrounding the Japanese in British Columbia. The Legislation of the Province now prohibits the use of Japanese labour in the log camps and discriminates against timber limits and the salmon fishings. A the Japanese in Canada have begun to secure movement has also begun to secure legislation similar to that in California prohibiting the ownership of land by Chinese or Japanese.

THE COCAINE AND MORPHINE CASE.

FURTHER HEARING AT THE MAGISTRACY.

The hearing was resumed yesterday before Mr. Orme at the Magistracy of the case in which George Leopold Duncan, of Messrs. MacEwen, Frickel & Co., stands charged with being in unlawful possession of 15lbs. of morphine and 519 ounces of cocaine on the 23rd August.

Mr. P. M. Hodgson (Crown Solicitor) prosecuted, and Mr. P. W. Goldring defended.

The Crown Solicitor had not concluded his cross-examination of the defendant at the last hearing, but at the request of Mr. Goldring his Worship consented to hear the evidence of Mr. John Knaack, the acting-manager of the local office of the Hamburg-Amerika Linie, before Mr. Hodgson continued the cross-examination.

Mr. Knaack stated that nine cases, purporting to contain sardines in oil, marked "B. & Co.," arrived by the Company's steamer *Belgravia* on the 2nd August. By the s.s. *Scandia* there also arrived on the 19th August eight cases marked "S. & Co." These were supposed to contain starch. The cases were consigned to order, and delivery was given on the bills of lading produced. The godown keeper gave delivery upon the signature and chop at the bottom of the bills, to the Po Hong Company.

In answer to the Crown Solicitor, witness added that if the freight was paid they made no enquiries when they endorsed a bill. Anyone who handed a bill in could get the goods. Witness did not know the Po Hong Company, nor the consignees.

The Crown Solicitor resumed his cross-examination of the defendant, asking:—

In the course of your negotiations with your Canton compradore in regard to this case, has he ever stated, or used words to the effect, that he would hold himself responsible?—Never.

Did he never offer to plead guilty to this?—Not to my knowledge.

You thought he might, perhaps?—No. He said he would never think of doing such a thing.

Does the same apply to your Hongkong compradore, Wong Kit?—Most assuredly.

How often does your Canton compradore come down here?—Very irregularly. Of course, since the trouble in Canton he has been down pretty often.

Has he anything to do with the export and import of cargo to your office in Hongkong?—Nothing at all. Of course, they store Canton cargo in Hongkong.

That is in cases where you are acting as agents for some client?—Yes, exactly.

As a matter of fact, your Canton compradore is merely an agent for you in Canton?—No. We have an office there.

Are you aware of any other consignments of sardines on the way to your office, Mr. Duncan, between the dates of the consignments concerned in these charges and the present date?—No.

Neither to your office nor to the office at Canton?—No.

You say you are an amateur photographer. Do you do stereoscopic work?—Yes.

Do you do it on a very large scale?—Well, fairly so.

How much work have you done in the last month?—About a dozen plates.

That is about the extent of your working, I suppose?—I can't say. In the summer months less is done than in the winter owing to the heat.

Do you get out a very large consignment of photographic plates at one time?—I had a large one the last time.

When was your last consignment?—Last Christmas.

Do you do very much with 10 x 12 inch plates?—I have not done much lately.

But you had a large consignment of these plates in your office?—Yes, I was going to try experiments.

Do you keep all these plates lying loose about the office?—Where do you keep your stock?—Look at this, Mr. Duncan (indicating a pile of photographic plates on the cases in Court). That is a rather large consignment?—Yes, but I have more in the office. I think I have nine dozen 12 x 10 inch, and two or three dozen smaller ones.

As a matter of fact, you deal in these plates?—I have only taken one order for plates, and that was three years ago.

Did you get these out with the intention of taking orders?—No.

Well, it is an extraordinary stock for personal use. It would last you for four years. Have you got any more consignments coming out now?—Not of photographic plates.

Defendant was then re-examined by Mr. Goldring, and stated that the piece of paper handed him was a copy of the telegram he sent to the Canton compradore asking him to come down.

The Hongkong compradore of Messrs. MacEwen, Frickel & Company was next called, and said he had been compradore to the firm for the past 12 years. He said that on the night of the 21st of August he had no tally in the office, and would not know what goods precisely were in

the office. He saw no cases marked "B. & Co." or "S. & Co." before the seizure by Inspector Wilden. There were two keys to the strong-room, and two to an inside cupboard, witness possessing one of each, and the office boy the other two. The Canton compradore had authority to store goods in the Hongkong office without the permission of the witness.

The Crown Solicitor (in cross-examination)—Have you ever known him to store goods in the strong-room before?—Never before.

Who gave him authority to store them there?—No one gave him authority.

How do you know he did have authority to store goods there, then?—The cases were there without my knowledge.

I am not talking about this particular case. How do you know he had general authority to store goods there?—I do not know.

Have you ever told him he could store goods there?—No.

You would be very surprised if he did, I suppose?—Yes.

And still more surprised at having strangers come and put their cases there?—Certainly.

In answer to further questions, witness stated that on the night of the 22nd August he left his office at about 9.30 and returned between 9.15 and 9.20. He did not know then that strangers had been in the office. There were no traces of any cases having been opened. Witness went straight to the compradore's department, entering the premises by the back door. The front door was shut at about 5 o'clock by the office boy.

The case was adjourned till to-day at 10.30.

TSINGTAU.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

September 4th.

The bathing season in Tsingtau has been favoured with fine weather. The hotels are well patronized, and as Tsingtau becomes better known as a summer resort, people from the China ports are certain to come here in greater number. September and October are specially favourable for a visit to Tsingtau, as the greatest heat is over.

The next few weeks will afford visitors divers entertainments. The programme for "The II. International Sports Week," from the 17th to the 24th September, includes a variety of events open to all comers.

On Wednesday, the 27th August, the Austrian cruiser *Kaiser Franz Joseph* arrived in Tsingtau for a visit of several days. This is the last visit the ship will pay, as at the end of the year she will be relieved by the *Kaiserin Elisabeth*.

There have been several football matches between the crew of this ship and the garrison.

In the early morning of Wednesday, the 27th August, Mr. Oster, a well-known aviator, made a flight of 13 hours duration overland in his monoplane. He crossed over the Lauschanat at a height of 2,200 metres, and returned over the sea, the town and the harbour. He travelled 130 kilometres in one hour and twenty-three minutes, and landed gracefully in front of his shed, enthusiastically greeted by everybody present on the racecourse for the early morning training for the autumn races. Not every town on the coast can enjoy the sight of such frequent aeroplane flights as Tsingtau is witnessing.

On September 2nd Mr. Oster started again at 5.30 a.m. in the morning for a short flight to train himself for flying with passengers. The weather being rather windy, the machine suddenly came down and was considerably damaged. Fortunately the aviator was not hurt, but the flights have had to be stopped for some time.

The training of the sub-griffins which have recently arrived has just begun, the races being on the 18th and 19th October.

Messrs. Raphael Tuck & Sons, Ltd., the famous art publishers, have just received the Royal Warrant of appointment to His Majesty the German Emperor, King of Prussia, an honour which they value the more highly as they understand it to be the only Warrant granted to an art publishing house outside the German Empire, the Warrant being specifically granted to an English Company.

CANTON NOTES.

CANTON, September 11th.

BIG REMITTANCE FROM PEKING.

In response to the repeated requests of Governor-General Lung, the Board of Finance has wired to the Commissioner of Finance asking him to forthwith depute a representative to the metropolis to collect the sum of \$3,000,000 in cash and \$10,000,000 in Central Government notes, for the purpose of redeeming the Government notes now in circulation in Kwangtung.

DISBANDED SOLDIERS.

The Tuhai has issued another notification giving the recently disbanded soldiers and vagrants who have come from other provinces a further three days in which to leave Canton for their native villages, failing which they will be severely dealt with. Their presence is extremely undesirable, as so long as they remain in Canton all sorts of rumours are apt to crop up.

APPOINTMENT DECLINED.

Mr. Lai Chui Pak, of Hongkong, in a letter to Governor-General Lung, has politely declined the offer of appointment as Financial Advisor to the Kwangtung Government. The finances of the province, he says, have of late been in a most deplorable state, and he does not think that he could improve matters. What is needed to reform the financial administration, he suggests, is first of all that the officials of the Department should be honest and conscientious, and then that a reputable body of men of good social standing should be selected from the business community, and invested with reasonably large powers to work in conjunction with the Commissioner of Finance. This, Mr. Lai goes on to say, is the only course likely to prove beneficial to the province.

THE MEXICAN TROUBLES.

A letter has been published in the Press from the Chinese residents in Mexico, warning their compatriots in earnest terms, not to emigrate to that country. It states that owing to the prolonged political troubles, thousands of Chinese have been rendered destitute and homeless, and that, whichever side the cat eventually jumps, they will very likely be subjected to bad treatment.

The reported murder of Japanese in Nanking has been the subject of many leading articles in the vernacular papers. In view of the trouble which may be caused by these comments, Mr. Chan King Wah, the Chief of Police, has notified the Press Association that henceforth no such articles must be published, nor will they be allowed to reproduce criticisms on the matter that have appeared in papers published elsewhere.

DECLINE OF MARRIAGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

REMARKABLE FIGURES.

Statistics published by the Equitable Life Assurance Society show there are 17,000,000 unmarried persons in the United States, and that 39 of every 100 unmailed adults are unmarried. The unmailed adults are divided thus:—Men aged 20 married and upwards, 8,102,000; unmarried women above 15 years, 9,000,000. Of the men 7,226,000 are between 20 and 44 years of age, and 503,000 between 45 and 54 years.

The inference drawn by compilers of these statistics is that an enormous number of men simply lack the moral fibre and courage to marry and to take a man's part in human affairs. The statisticians remark:—

While the army of single men are lavishing their earnings and affections upon themselves, and many of them are developing extravagant and often vicious habits—an existence which they prefer to orderly economical married life—another great army of young women are forced to toil in factories and business houses for the necessities of life. This is an unfortunate and unnatural state of affairs. Moreover, from the ranks of the unmarried comes humanity's heaviest contribution to immorality and crime. All these factors are well worth considering when studying the problem of marriage, eugenics, of race degeneracy, and the fundamental moral principle which underlies them all.

The extraordinary popularity of Napier Johnstone's Square Bottle Whisky affords a remarkable proof of what can be achieved by sterling quality. Who ever saw a fulsome and glaring advertisement of this famous whisky? Yet there is hardly a man from Suco to Peking who does not know and appreciate N. J.

PERTUSSIN.

Is a harmless and efficient remedy against all diseases of the respiratory organs, especially WHOOPING COUGH, CATARRH OF LARYNX, ACUTE AND CHRONIC BRONCHIAL CATARRH, ASTHMA, &c., which has been recognized unequally by the highest authorities. Also the AFFECTIONS OF THE LUNGS will be greatly relieved by the use of it.

TO BE HAD AT EVERY CHEMIST.

IMPORTERS:

S. J. BETINES & CO.

TIEN-SIN AND PEKING.

VOELKEL & SCHROEDER, LTD.

SHANGHAI.



HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Vernon & Smyth in their weekly share report dated 12th September state:—

The local market during the past week has again ruled quiet, and rates have remained fairly steady with the exception of a few stocks which show a decline. Langkats have been dealt in at prices ranging between Tls. 22½ and Tls. 25, at which latter price they close with buyers in the North. Cottons in the North have improved, and are in demand. The London market for "Oils" has ruled erratic, but closes round about last week's quotations. The tone of the "Rubber" market firmer. Fine Hard Para Rubber closes at 3/8 per lb., and Plantation Sheets at 2/4 per lb. The open market rate of discount is unaltered at 3 1/16 per cent., and no change has to be reported in the Bank of England rate, viz., 4½ per cent. Bar Silver closes at 27½ for ready, and 27 15/16 forward. Sterling T.T. at 1/11 15/16, Shanghai T.T. at 73, and Singapore T.T. at 83½. Consols are reported at 73½.

BANKS.—Hongkong and Shanghai Banks have been a quiet market, and close with sales at \$702½. The London rate has improved to \$82.

MARINE INSURANCES.—Unions have been dealt in at \$75½, at which figure they are steady. Cautious have further improved and now close with buyers at \$81½, but no shares are on offer. North Chinas have buyers at Tls. 137, and Yangtszes close with a nominal quotation of \$101 at exchange 73.

FIRE INSURANCES.—Hongkongs have hardened to a buying quotation of \$363, but without leading to business. Chinas are still wanted at \$148, but no shares are obtainable.

SHIPPING.—Hongkong, Canton and Macao have eased, and close with sales at \$23½. Indo-Chinas have been sold at \$75, at which rate probably more shares can be obtained. China and Manilas are easier and close with sellers at \$9, Star Ferries being still in request at \$57.

OILS.—Shell Transports are on offer from London at 110/-. Ural Caspians have a middle quotation of 61/3, and Mexican Eagles of 47/6.

REFINERIES.—China Sugars have again ruled very quiet, and are now on offer at \$95. Luzons are unchanged with sellers at \$35.

MINING.—Tronchs have an improved middle quotation of 60/-, and Heavwoods have had sales at 3/-. Raubs have been dealt in at \$3, and are inquired for now at that figure. Kailans are unchanged with a middle quotation of 32/8.

DOCKS, WHARVES AND GODOWNS.—Hongkong and Whampoa Docks have again declined, and after sales at \$78 close with sellers at \$76. Hongkong and Kowloon Wharves have been a quiet but fairly steady market, and are now on offer at \$91. New Amoy Docks are still on offer at \$83. Shanghai Docks are wanted in the North at Tls. 53, and Shanghai and Hongkong Wharves are enquired for at Tls. 106 ex dividend.

LANDS, HOMES AND BUILDINGS.—Hongkong Lands still rule quiet, and have now sellers at \$114. Kowloon Lands have been sold at \$46, and Humphreys Estates have buyers at \$9. Hongkong Hotels close with a nominal quotation of \$125 and \$80 for the old and new issues respectively. West Points remain unchanged with sellers at \$72.

COTTON MILLS.—Ewos have further improved and are wanted in the North at Tls. 128. Shanghai Cottons are quoted at Tls. 107 ex dividend. Kung Yiks have been dealt in at Tls. 131 and Soy Chees have buyers at Tls. 41½. Hongkongs still remain dull and are on offer at \$91.

MISCELLANEOUS.—China Borneos are wanted at \$94. Dairy Farms at \$73½, Green Island Cements at \$63, Hongkong Electric at \$40, Union Waterbotts at \$17, Weissmanns at \$31, and Hongkong Electric Tramways at 8/9. China Providents are on offer at \$9, Ices at \$175, China Light and Powers at \$41, Steam Laundries at \$4, Fisheries at \$2 and Pulpas at \$20.

LONDON QUOTATIONS.—The following quotations (middle price) were received from our London Agents by wire this morning:—

Indo-China (Combined) ... 150/-
Chinese Engineering ... 32/6
Hongkong Electric Trans. ... 8/9
Tonghai Mines, Ltd. ... 60/-
Pahang Consolidated ... 10/6
Malayan Tins ... 47/6
Ural Caspians ... 61/3
Mexican Eagles ... 47/6
Shell Transports ... 108/9
United Serdangs ... 9/-
Rubber Trusts ... 2/10 prem.
Eastern Trusts, Ltd. ... 14/6
Venture Trusts, Ltd. ... 1/6

THE AUTHOR OF THE "SWORD SONG."

One hundred years ago an heroic death closed the brief, but romantic, career of one of the best-loved figures in German literature, Karl Theodor Korner, author of the famous "Sword Song."

Korner was born at Dresden in 1791, and as a lad had the inestimable privilege of intimacy with Schiller. Delicate, handsome, and of remarkable intellectual promise, he won high honours in the universities of Leipzig, Berlin, and Vienna, whilst excelling also in the ballroom, the fencing school, and the saddle. When only nineteen he had a tragedy produced with great success at Vienna, and fifteen months later was given the coveted Royal appointment of poet to the Court Theatre. Before reaching his twenty-second year he had written seven plays, and published a collection of songs under the title "Leyer und Schwert," which the German people will never willingly let die.

Then came the great year 1813, when Germany rose to cast off the fetters of Napoleon. Korner had just become betrothed to a beautiful and devoted girl, but finding he could not love her loved but not honour more, he unhesitatingly responded to his country's call. "Could I think you," he wrote, "stand aloof, contented to celebrate with poetry alone the success of my brethren while they

fought and conquered?" Early in the year he joined Von Lutzw's famous Black Jagers—hailed by them "with loud shouts of joy and the clinking of glasses and weapons"—and from thenceforth used sword as well as pen in the cause of his country's freedom.

In the fighting line his prowess was such that he was quickly promoted to a lieutenant, and amid the strain of military duties he yet found time and inspiration for the writing of songs that animated his comrades to those deeds of dash and daring which made the "Wild Huntsmen" so terrible to their enemies. The "War Song," "The Summons to Arms," and the magnificent "Prayer before Battle" were all composed about the camp-fires in the early days of the summer of 1813, and the beautiful "Farewell to Life" was jotted down with trembling hands on the night of June 17th as he lay desperately wounded and expecting to die in a wood near Danneberg.

Korner's hour was not yet, however. He recovered sufficiently to rejoin his beloved corps towards the end of July. A few days later, whilst resting before an attack on the French lines near Mecklenburg, he wrote the famous "Sword Song." He was reading it to a friend when the signal for attack was given. Korner charged beside Von Lutzw at the head of the gallant Jagers, and just as the enemy broke and fled, received his death wound from a musket-ball.

They buried him with all the honours of war, and on his tomb are carved a lyre and sword, encircled with an oak-leaf wreath, whilst an inscription tells the story of his life. But his memory lives most gloriously in his songs, and particularly in that last and greatest song, "Schwerlied!" If Germany went to war to-morrow it would be to the words of Korner's song, so admirably wedded to the strains of Weber, that her sons would march to battle for the Fatherland.

INTIMATIONS

KEEPS YOUR SCALP CLEAN



CUTICURA SOAP

Frequent shampoos with Cuticura Soap, assisted by gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, afford the purest and most economical method of freeing the scalp of infants and children from eruptions, dandruff, crusts and scales.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold everywhere. Sample of each with 32-p. book free from request to: Newbery, 27, Charterhouse St., London; R. T. Davis & Co., Sydney; N. S. W.; Lemon, Ltd., Cape Town; Muller, Macdon & Co., Calcutta and Bombay; Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Importers, Boston, U.S.A. *Tender-faced men shave in comfort with Cuticura Soap shaving stick. Liberal sample free.

MAPPIN & WEBB, LIMITED.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS

STERLING SILVER WARE.

PRINCE'S PLATE

(GUARANTEED FOR 30 YEARS.)

CUTLERY.

From the

SOLE AGENTS:

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

CHATER ROAD.

141

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed DAILY PRESS only, special business matter THE MANAGER.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded. Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

P.O. Box, 35. Telephone No. 12.
Telegraphic Address: "Press."
Gode: A.B.C. 6th Ed., Lieber's.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SCIP CERTIFICATE with respect to 5 Shares numbered 4799/4803 in the above Office standing in the name of ANDREAS SAI (deceased), of Bangkok, has been LOST, and should the same not be produced before the 27th instant, a new Scrip Certificate will be issued in favour of the said ANDREAS SAI (deceased), and no transaction taking place under the old Scrip Certificate will be recognised by the Office.

p. pro. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
T. S. FORREST,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 12th September, 1913. [1076]

WANTED.

ENGLISH LADY, in Japan, seeks post in Hongkong, as Companion or help; would take charge of infant or small child.
Apply to—
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 13th September, 1913. [1075]

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "SHINYO MARU."

From SAN FRANCISCO via HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS AND SHANGHAI.

THE above named Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of Cargo from alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered on MONDAY, 15th inst., at Noon, will be landed at Consignees risk and expense and delivery must then be taken from the Company's Godown.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected. No Claims will be recognised after the Goods have left the Steamer or Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered on the 22nd inst. will be subject to rent and loading charges.

All chafed and otherwise damaged Cargo to be left on board or Godown, and examination of same to be held on the 26th inst., at 10 a.m.

All Claims must be filed on or before 29th inst., otherwise they will not be recognised.

S. MORIMOTO, Agent.

Hongkong, 12th September, 1913. [1074]

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS & CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT is now ready and contains:—
Far Eastern News.
Leading Articles:—
The Channel Tunnel.
Independence Question in the Philippines.
Technical Education in China.
The Smuggling of Arms.
The Status of Woman in Japan.
Random Reflections.
Hongkong.
The Magistracy.
Bank Dividends.
Sanitary Board.
H.E. Sir Henry and Lady May in Berlin.
University of Hongkong.
Large Seizure of Cocaine and Morphine.
Death of Father Goncalves.
Royal Hongkong Golf Club, Fan Ling.
"Manners" at Hongkong.
Plagues and its Spread.
St. Joseph's College.
Diocesan Girls' School.
Hankow Heat.
Telegrams.
The Sotro Case.
Supreme Court.
The Command of the Shanghai Volunteers.
Seizure of Kwangtung Bank Notes.
Interport Swimmers Return.
Japan's Gift to The Hague Peace Palace.
China and Her Advisers.
The Siberian Mail Service.
Up River Notes.
Fires in Japan.
The Attack on the "Emden."
Canton Notes.
The Canton Government.
Looting of Nanking.
Commercial.
Shipping.

Extra copies 30 cents each, Cash.
Copies can be posted from this Office to addresses sent; including postage, 34 cents each.

\$1 Cash for three copies.
Subscription: \$12 per annum, payable in advance; postage \$2.
Hongkong, 13th September, 1913.

G. R.

VICTORIA BRITISH SCHOOL.

THIS SCHOOL, for Children (all ages) of British and European Parents only, RE-OPENS on MONDAY, 15th inst.

For particulars, apply—
H. A. COX, M.A.,
Headmaster.
Hongkong, 10th September, 1913. [1050]

G. R.

KOWLOON BRITISH SCHOOL.

THE above SCHOOL for Children (all ages) of British and European Parents only, RE-OPENS on MONDAY, 15th inst.

For particulars, apply—
HERBERT L. BEER, L.C.P.,
Headmaster.
Hongkong, 11th September, 1913. [1055]

PUBLIC COMPANY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 6008 for TWENTY-FIVE (25) SHARES numbered 7727 to 7751 inclusive fully paid-up, standing in the Register in the name of JENSON PRABHU of Manila, having been LOST or DESTROYED, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that unless the said Certificate be produced at the Office of the Company, Alexander Buildings, Des Vaux Road Central, Hongkong, on or before the 23rd September, 1913, New Certificate for the said Shares will be issued and the Old Certificate will thereafter be held by the Company as Null and Void.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 23rd August, 1913. [1001]

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH HALF-YEARLY DRAWING of 65 DEBENTURES (1896 issue) of the HONGKONG CLUB, Payable on TUESDAY, the 30th September, 1913, will be held in the Club House at 11 o'clock a.m. on FRIDAY, the 19th September, 1913.

Bearers of Debentures are invited to attend the Drawing.
By Order.

JAMES CRAIK, Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th September, 1913. [1050]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

SUBSCRIPTION GRIFFINS FOR THE 1914 MEETING.

MEMBERS desirous of Subscribing are requested to send their Names to the Undersigned as soon as possible. Lists will be found at the HONGKONG CLUB and at the JOCKEY CLUB'S OFFICE.

H. P. WHITE,
Acting Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, 9th September, 1913. [1080]

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. OF CHINA, LTD.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

MR. A. B. RAWORTH has been Appointed MANAGER for Hongkong and South China from the 10th inst.

16, Des Vaux Road, Hongkong.
Head Office, Shanghai.

PERCIVAL H. NYE,
Managing Director.
Hongkong, 11th September, 1913. [1064]

THE HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

ON and from October 1st, 1913, the Price of GAS to the Public will be Reduced to \$2.50 per 1,000 Cubic Feet.

By Order of the Directors,
J. McCUBBIN,
Acting Local Secretary and Resident Engineer.
Hongkong, 9th August, 1913. [988]

NOTICE.

WE have much pleasure in announcing to our Numerous Patrons and Customers that we have Opened a NEW SILK STORE in the most up-to-date Style and Fashion at the Large and Commodious Premises No. 38 and 40, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, lately occupied by Messrs. H. Ruttenberg & Son, where we are displaying an entirely new, Handsome and Gorgeous Stock of SILK GOODS and JEWELLERY WARE of all Descriptions in a Variety of New, Elegant and Attractive Designs and Patterns.

The Stock Includes a Choice Selection of Turkish, Persian and Indian SILK CARPETS and WOOLLEN RUGS in Clastic and Elegant Patterns.

Prices Specially Reduced for Summer. Cheapest Store in the Colony.
An Early Visit Earnestly Solicited.

D. CHELLARAM,
Hongkong, 26th July, 1913. [907]

MASSAGE.

SKILFUL Safety in the General or Electric.

MISS MORITA,
Care of NOMBURA HOTEL,
15, 16 and 17, Connaught Road,
Opposite Blake Pier.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1913. [552]

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TWO LARGE HOUSES in GAGE STREET, FOUR STORIES, Eight Rooms and Servants' Quarters.
For full particulars, apply—
P. M. E.,
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 6th September, 1913. [1043]

SHAMEEN-BRITISH CONCESSION.

FOR SALE

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS on the BRITISH CONCESSION.

TWO-THIRDS OF LOT 67.
Situate at the back of the Canton Club having a frontage to Inland facing the canal of about 80 feet and depth of about 140 feet with area of measurement 8,430 square feet about.

ALSO LOT 3.
In the middle avenue having a frontage thereto of 120 feet, a depth of 140 feet and an area of 12,645 square feet.

ALSO LOT 62.
At the back of Lot 3, adjoining with a frontage to the canal of 120 feet, a depth of 140 feet and area of 12,645 square feet.

For particulars apply to—
MR. HERBERT F. DENT,
HERBERT DENT & Co., Shameen.
[305]

INTIMATIONS

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

PIANO DEPARTMENT

SPECIAL OFFER FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY

OF THE WHOLE OF OUR STOCK OF

MAGNIFICENT NEW PIANOS

By BROADWOOD, DORNER, COLLARD, CHALLEN, ETC.

AT ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS

FOR CASH ONLY.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLINS, BANJOS, MANDOLINES

BRASS INSTRUMENTS AT

HALF-PRICE.

A few of the Bargains are mentioned below:—

PIANOS	USUAL PRICE	SALE PRICE
Ebonized Solid Mahogany by Challen & Son	\$575	\$475
Solid Mahogany Cottage by Collard & Collard	\$550	\$450
Ebonized Mahogany Cottage by Collard & Collard	\$600	\$500
Ebonized Mahogany Cottage by Broadwood	\$600	\$500
Solid Oak with Folding Doors by Broadwood	\$700	\$600
Ebonized Baby Grand by Broadwood	\$750	\$600
Ebonized Upright Model by Dornier & Sohn	\$1,300	\$1,000
Ebonized Piccolo Grand by Dornier & Sohn	\$1,750	\$840
	\$1,150	\$970

MUSIC.

VOCAL SCORES:—USUAL PRICE \$4.50, SALE PRICE \$1.00 EACH.

SHEET MUSIC:—SONGS, WALTZES, ETC., USUAL PRICE \$1, SALE PRICE 50 CENTS EACH.

SOILED SHEET MUSIC 20 CENTS PER COPY, 6 FOR \$1.00.

The above Department will shortly be transferred to Mr. WM. ANDERSON, our Piano Manager, who will carry on the Business at New Premises.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

[46]

YOST

TYPEWRITER.

LATEST MODEL No. 20.

VISIBLE Writing, Standard Key Board, with Fractions, suitable for Merchants, Engineers, Bankers, Brokers, etc.

The same Model with French Key Board, also Brief Model for Lawyers and Accountants.

Special Monthly Terms if desired.

MACEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.

SOLE AGENTS FOR HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA.
4, Des Vaux Road, HONGKONG.
1st May, 1913. SHAMEEN, CANTON. [392-1]

INTIMATIONS

NOTICE.

THE OFFICE OF CHINESE MARITIME CUSTOMS for Kowloon and District will be CLOSED to Public Business on the 15th instant (15th day, 8th moon); being the date of the Autumn Holiday.

E. GORDON LOWDER,
Commissioner of Chinese Customs.
York Buildings,
Hongkong, 11th September, 1913. [1072]

KULANGSU MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

AMOI.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the position of SECRETARY, and INSPECTOR OF POLICE to the KULANGSU MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, AMOI.

Applicants should state their age, whether married or single, and should give full particulars on the subject of their previous experience. A Good Working Knowledge of Accounts is desirable.

Copies only of testimonials need be sent in with the application.

The successful candidate will Assume Office on January 1st 1914.

He shall perform all the duties of Secretary, and of Inspector of Police and he will have no European Assistant.

The maximum salary to be paid to such Secretary will be \$250 (Amoy Currency) per month, with an annual increase of \$25 per month to a final maximum of \$300 per month. He will be provided with uniform, light, fuel, and also quarters. The quarters will be in the Municipal Building, and must be occupied by the Secretary appointed.

Applications must be endorsed "Appointment of Secretary" and addressed to "The Chairman, KULANGSU MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, AMOI," and should reach Amoi not later than September 30th, 1913.

By Order of the Council
Kulangsu, Amoi, 24th July, 1913. [947]

WEIHAIWEI SCHOOL.

AN ENGLISH SCHOOL in British Territory favoured with a "Magnificent Climate." Preparation by Experienced and Qualified Teachers for Entrance to Schools in England, or for Commercial Life in the East. New School-House by the sea. Recreations:—Sea Bathing, Boating, Cricket, Football, etc. For terms apply to the Headmaster.

HERBERT L. BEER, L.C.P.,
[1055]

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

A UXETOPHONE, by the GRAMOPHONE Co., Ltd., complete with 100 Records, of which 70 are practically new. This Gramophone Works by an Electric Motor. It was bought in May, 1911, and is in good condition. Originally cost £100.

Apply to—
ADJUTANT,
126th Baluchistan Infantry, Kowloon.
Kowloon, 26th April, 1913. [613]

GRACA & CO.

PEPPER ST. (Hongkong Hotel Building),
Dealers in

POSTAGE STAMPS, PICTORIAL
POST CARDS, CIGARS, BOOKS,
TOYS, &c.

Just Received
FRESH SUPPLY OF
VEGETABLE SEEDS.

ON SALE

AT THE

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS

OFFICE.

NEW AND UP-TO-DATE

PLANS OF THE SI-KIANG

OR

WEST RIVER.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

Giving all the Important Towns en route
from CANTON TO WUCHOW.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1913.

AUCTIONS

G. R. PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS and CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 15th day of September, 1913, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, by Order of HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT, of Two Lots of CROWN LAND at Wong Nei Chong Road and Tai Hang Village respectively in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at CROWN RENTS to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty THE KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOTS.

No. of Sale.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rent.	Upset Price.
Lot 1.	150 feet by 150 feet.	22,500	210	4,000
Lot 2.	150 feet by 150 feet.	22,500	210	4,000
				1045

FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS

SPECIALITIES

CORNED OX TONGUES.

CORNED BEEF.

CORNED PORK.

PRESSED BEEF.

GERMAN SAUSAGES.

These are a few of the delicacies offered for sale by

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

[28]

NOTHING BETTER FOR THE SEASON!

JUST RECEIVED.

STYLISH BATHING DRESSES and CAPS.

FINEST VOILES, STRIPED, FLOWERS and FANCY.

FINEST MUSLINS, PLAIN and DOTTED.

EMBROIDERED MATERIALS, &c., &c.

We will find Our Range incomparable for Quality, Style and Prices.

HOOSAIN-ALI & Co.,
16, D'AGUIER STREET.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1913. [45]

BANKS

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND£1,700,000
RESERVE LIABILITY ON PROPERTIES£1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. S. HEWITT,
Acting Manager.
Hongkong, 14th April, 1913. [131]

NEDERLANDSCH-INDISCH HANDELSBANK.

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)
ESTABLISHED 1863.

Authorized Capital Fl. 30,000,000 (£2,500,000).
Paid-up Capital Fl. 17,407,000 (£1,450,583).
Reserve Fund Fl. 6,518,000 (£543,168).

HEAD OFFICE: AMSTERDAM.
HEAD AGENCY: BATAVIA.

LONDON BANKER—
THE WILLIAMS DEACONS BANK.
SWISS BANKVEREIN.

THE BANK transacts every description of Banking and Exchange Business, receives money on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances. Rates on Fixed Deposit can be ascertained on application.

G. VERMEY, Manager,
No. 8, Des Vaux Road Central.
Hongkong, 15th August, 1913. [21]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STARR,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1911. [10]

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS transacted.

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DEPOSITS RECEIVED, fixed for one year at 4 per cent. per annum or for shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.

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THE BANK'S CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT are available all over the World.

COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT issued.

PURCHASE and SALE of Stocks and Shares effected.

TRAVELLERS' CHECKS sold and cashed.

GEORGE HOGG,
Manager.
9, Queen's Road,
Hongkong, 2nd November, 1912. [230]

BANKS

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL\$15,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS\$15,000,000
Sinking Fund\$15,000,000
STILLER\$17,400,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$15,000,000

COUNT OF DIRECTORS.
Hon. Mr. D. DONWELL, Esq.—Chairman.
Hon. Mr. D. DONWELL, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.
G. F. FRIEDLAND, Esq.
G. S. GILBY, Esq.
G. R. LAURENS, Esq.
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CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—N. J. STARR.
Shanghai—A. G. STEPHEN.

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For 12 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
N. J. STARR,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 16th August, 1913. [16]

THE SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

AUTHORIZED CAPITALYen 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITALYen 80

Signals of Hair Distress!

WARNINGS OF APPROACHING BALDNESS AND GREYNESS EVERY READER MUST HEED.

Seven Days' Free Help which will Restore your Hair to Health.

When your hair becomes weak it puts out signals of distress.

These signals mean that it wants strengthening nourishment and regular daily exercise.

Every living thing wants food and exercise to keep healthy—why not your hair also?

Your hair wants these two essential things as much as everything else. Unless it gets them it cannot keep healthy and strong.

If you neglect to give your hair this daily nourishment and exercise it turns grey, loses its lustre and beauty, becomes scurfy and falls out.

Here are the signals of hair distress. Take heed of them if you intend to keep your hair healthy and beautiful, and your own appearance youthful.

SIGNALS OF APPROACHING BALDNESS.

When your hair splits at the ends.

When it becomes dry and brittle.

When you notice fallen hairs on your pillow in the morning.

When your hair comes out in your brush and comb.

When it becomes infected with dandruff and scurf.

When it loses its lustre and becomes dull and lifeless.

When your scalp itches so that you feel you must scratch it.

When any of these things happen your hair is in danger. They are the hair's signals of distress—its "minute guns" which call for help.

And that help is at hand for you and your hair—readily.

Cut out the coupon printed at the foot of this article.

Send it to Mr. Edwards, the Royal Hair Specialist.

In return he will forward you a FREE GIFT.

Everything required for restoring your hair to Health and Beauty.



FREE GIFT

Is your hair showing signs of distress? If so, you should at once take advantage of Mr. Edwards' magnificent offer and send today for the Free Triple Gift Outfit represented above.

A trial Bottle of Harlene for the Hair, the wonderful preparation which combines the qualities of a tonic, a dressing, and a hair food. It is delightful to use. It makes your hair silken, lustrous, beautiful, and beautiful.

Powder for the Scalp, which cleanses your scalp from scurf, removes irritation, and stimulates the hair roots.

A copy of the famous "Harlene Hair-Drill" Manual, containing Mr. Edwards' secret rules for banishing baldness and growing luxuriant hair.

All the above is yours free. It will prove to you the wonderful way in which two minutes' daily Hair-Drill benefits your hair. It should be practised daily by every man, woman, and child in the country.

Harlene and Cremex, of all Chemists, or sent direct on receipt of P.O. money order.

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Dear Sir—Please send me a free "Harlene Hair-Drill" Toilet Outfit to make and keep my hair beautiful and healthy.

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ADDRESS.....

Enclose 10 cents in stamps to pay carriage.

Hong Kong Disp. Press

SECRET OF A HEARTACHE.

CHARLOTTE BRONTE'S LOVE LETTERS.

SLAVE OF REGRET.

One of the most interesting literary discoveries made for some time was given to the world in the issue of *The Times*, of July 29th, which contained four hitherto unpublished letters written by Charlotte Bronte to Professor Heger, the original of Paul Emanuel in "Villette."

These letters, which reveal a love-story at once passionate and tragic, have for long been in the possession of Dr. Heger's family, and his eldest son has now handed them over to the care of the British Museum. In doing so, he has been actuated largely by regard for his father's memory, for there have not been wanting persons who suggested that there was something in the relations between Heger and Charlotte Bronte that called for concealment. The letters prove not only the tragic depth of Charlotte's devotion to the professor, but the determined coldness with which he, a married man and a happy father, discouraged her too unrestrained affection. One of these curious mixtures of despotism and good-heartedness, he even forbade her to write to him, except at certain intervals, and in her letters we find her crying out in despair at his long failures to perform his share of the correspondence.

He was so little interested in her letters that he seems to have torn them up, but, luckily, they have since been repaired with "thin paper strips" and "cotton thread." Charlotte Bronte was 28 years old when she wrote so despairingly to her literary master—"the only master I ever had."

The letters (originally written in French) as now translated by Mr. M. H. Spilmann, read, as *The Times* says, "as if they were part of 'Villette,' or of some sadder, unpublished sequel to it." In these confessions we come upon the secret of the fierce heartache which makes "Villette" so painful a book to read.

Charlotte Bronte, it will be remembered, had gone to the Heger's school in Brussels, first as a pupil and then as a teacher, and had finally left it at the end of 1843, about six months before the first of these letters was written. She presents herself in each of them as a humble, almost a slavish, devotee, to whom the permission to correspond, even occasionally, is a golden privilege.

Not having received an expected letter from her old master at the beginning of 1844, she writes, for instance:

"Day and night I find neither rest nor peace. If I sleep I am disturbed by tormenting dreams in which I see you always severe, always grave, always incensed against me."

"Forgive me, then, Monsieur, if I adopt the course of writing to you again. How can I endure life if I make no effort to cease its sufferings?"

"I know that you will be irritated when you read this letter. You will say once more that I am hysterical (or neurotic) that I have black thoughts, etc. So be it. Monsieur, I submit to that, but I cannot, I will not, resign myself to let wholly the friendship of my master, to whom I would rather suffer the greatest physical pain than always have my heart lacerated by smarting regrets. If my master withdraws his friendship from me entirely I shall be altogether without hope; if he gives me a little—just a little—I shall be satisfied—happy; I shall have a reason for living on, for working."

PLEADING FOR CRUMBS.

So this passionate and pleading letter goes on:

"Monsieur, the poor have not need of much to sustain them—they ask only for the crumbs that fall from the rich men's table. But if they are refused the crumbs they die of hunger. Nor do I, either, need much affection from those I love. I should not know what to do with a friendship entire and complete—I am not used to it. But you showed me of your a little interest, when I was your pupil in Brussels, and I hold on to the maintenance of that little interest—I hold on to it as I would hold on to life."

"You will tell me perhaps—I take not the slightest interest in you, Mademoiselle Charlotte. You are no longer an inmate of my House; I have forgotten you."

Well, Monsieur, tell me so frankly. It will be a shock to me. It matters not. It would be less dreadful than uncertainty."

"I shall not re-read this letter. I send it as I have written it. Nevertheless, I have a hidden consciousness that some people, cold and common-sense, in reading it would say—'She is talking nonsense.' I would avenge myself on such persons in no other way than by wishing them one single day of the torments which I have suffered for eight months. We should then see if they would not talk nonsense too."

"HUMILIATING."

That, surely, is as tragic a letter as ever was penned. The literature of vain longing, contains nothing more poignant. And the fourth of the letters utters the same cry of wretchedness.

"I tell you frankly that I have tried meanwhile to forget you, for the remembrance of a person whom one thinks never to see again, and whom, nevertheless, one greatly esteems, frets too much the mind; and when one has suffered that kind of anxiety for a year or two, one is ready to do anything to find peace—once more, I have done everything. I have sought occupations, I have denied myself absolutely the pleasure of speaking about you—even to Emily; but I have been able to conquer neither my regrets nor my impatience. That, indeed, is humiliating—to be unable to control one's own thoughts, to be the slave of a regret, of a memory, the slave of a fixed and dominant idea which lords it over the mind. Why cannot I have just as much friendship for you as you for me—neither more nor less? Then should I be so tranquil, so free—I could keep silence then for ten years without an effort."

She goes on to plead with him for a letter—a letter, not of reproach, but really about himself:

"Monsieur, I have a favour to ask of you: when you reply to this letter speak to me a little of yourself, not of me; for I know that if you speak of me it will be to scold me, and this time I would see your kindly side. Speak to me therefore of your children. Never was your brow so serene when Louise and Claire and Prosper were by your side. Tell me also something of the school, of the pupils, of the governesses. Are Mesdemoiselles Blanche, Sophie, and Justine still at Brussels? Tell me where you travelled during the holidays—did you go to the Rhine?"

NOURISHMENT FOR HALF A YEAR.

Then she reminds him that, though it may not be very interesting to him to write to an "ex-assistant governess," it is "life" to her to hear from him.

"Your last letter was stay and prop to me—nourishment to me for half a year. Now I need another, and you will give it me; not because you bear me friendship—you cannot have much—but because you are compassionate of soul and you would condemn no one to prolonged suffering to save yourself a few moments' trouble. To forbid me to write to you, to refuse to answer me would be to tear from me my only joy on earth, to deprive me of my last privilege—a privilege I never shall consent willingly to surrender. Believe me, mon maître, in writing to me it is a good deed that you will do. So long as I believe you are pleased with me, so long as I have hope of receiving news from you, I can be at rest and not too sad."

But when a prolonged and gloomy silence seems to threaten me with the strangeness of my master—when day by day I await a letter, and when day by day disappointment comes to fling me back into overwhelming sorrow, and the sweet delight of seeing your handwriting and reading your counsel escapes me as a vision that is vain, then I feel claims me—I lose appetite and sleep—I pine away."

May I write to you again next May? I would rather wait a year, but it is impossible—it is too long."

And in a postscript she adds: "I have never heard French spoken but once since I left Brussels—and then it sounded like music in my ears—every word was most precious to me because it reminded me of you—I love French for your sake with all my heart and soul."

The publication of these intensely true and passionate letters is certainly one of the notable literary events of the year.

MR. ASQUITH ON THE STRAIN OF PREMIERSHIP.

DISAPPOINTMENTS AND SENSE OF WEARINESS.

That note of weariness and apparent longing for a position of "greater freedom and less responsibility" in some of Mr. Asquith's recent speech, a strongly marked the Premier's address, when receiving the freedom of his native town of Morley, Yorkshire. After congratulating the town, which he left when he was six years old, on its expansion and success and expressing the hope that it would not lose its individuality, the Prime Minister said: "As for myself I have very little to say, except that, being as I believe—it may be an illusion—of a placid and non-combatant disposition—(laughter)—I have found myself by the accident of forensic and political fortune immersed for the last thirty-five years in a life of almost ceaseless contention and controversy. I do not wish to dwell to-day upon the drawbacks, the disappointments, the sense of weariness, which such a mode of existence sometimes involves. They all have their compensation, and more than compensation, if you honestly believe that you are fighting in a righteous cause and if you are sustained—as no man has better reason than I have to acknowledge that he has been—by the unmerited confidence and loyalty of those with whom he is associated in political and public work."

But whatever else may be said of that strenuous life in which my lines have been cast, at any rate everyone will agree that it imposes a heavy and perhaps an undue strain upon a man's resources, physical and otherwise. I believe I have largely to thank my Yorkshire parentage and breeding if up to now I have not succumbed, and if I am still able under the strain of most onerous responsibilities within the limit of my powers to serve the State."

The town of Morley was on holiday for the visit of the Prime Minister, who was presented in the town hall with an illuminated scroll and a silver casket. There was only one incident to mark a very happy day. Three Suffragists threw some handbills and a copy of a women's suffrage newspaper into a motor-car in which were Mr. Asquith and Miss Asquith. One of the women screamed, "Why don't you stop torturing women, you scoundrel!" The women were detained at the police station until the departure of Mr. Asquith from the town.

JAUNDICE

ITS CAUSE AND CURE.

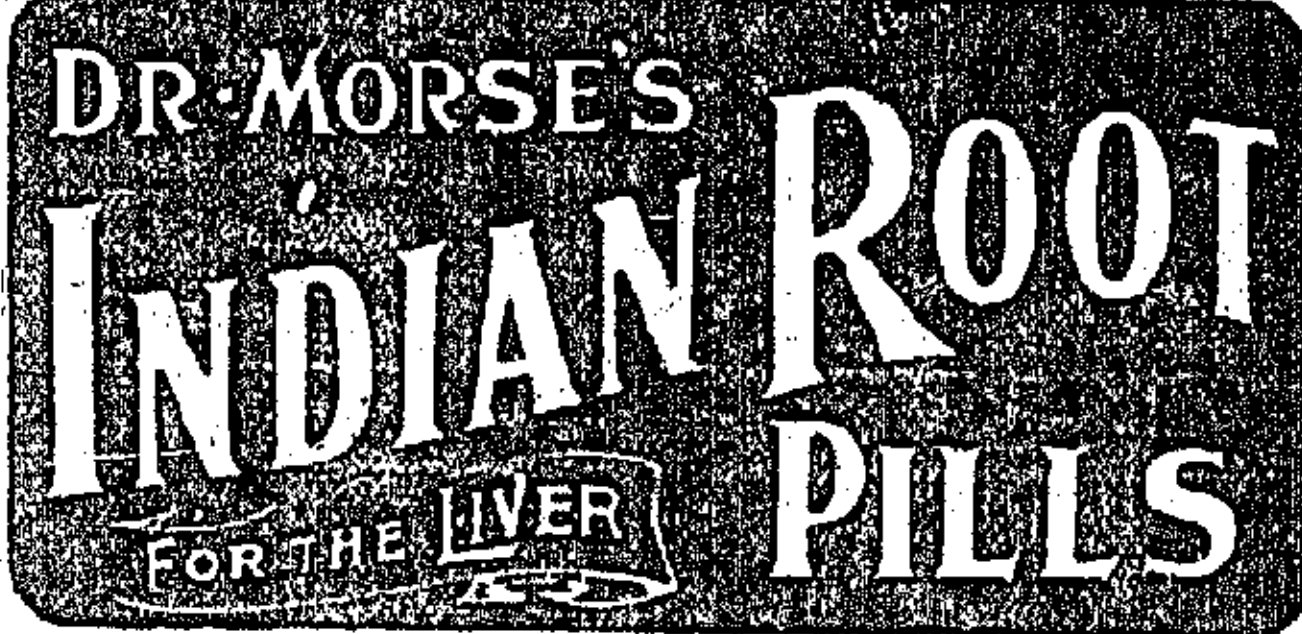
This distressing complaint so common in all hot countries is caused by the Bile overflowing in the Blood. It is not an independent disorder but the symptoms of other complaints which cause the Bile to overflow in this manner instead of entering the intestines to perform its mission of aiding in the digestion and assimilation of food.

Jaundice causes the skin and eyes to become yellow, and vomiting, nausea, diarrhoea, or constipation, loss of appetite, bad taste in the mouth, flatulence, belching and pains in the stomach may all be accompanying symptoms. The disordered condition of the Liver is the most common cause of this complaint and a remedy that will reach the Liver is the only effective one. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills reach the Liver as no other remedy does, speedily causing the Bile to flow through its proper channel. They get at the cause of the complaint driving the poison out of the blood, and toning the entire system. There is no more effective remedy for this complaint, as a trial will prove, than Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills which are a positive and permanent cure for all Liver and Kidney disorders, Constipation, Biliousness, Impure Blood, and Female Ailments.



Unable to eat or sleep.

They are a perfect Blood Purifier and a positive and permanent cure for Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Headaches, Sallow Complexion, Liver and Kidney troubles, Piles, Pimples, Boils and Blotches, and for Female Ailments.



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Paid up Capital, £4,208,672. Reserve Fund, £2,300,000.

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Cash in hand, at call, and at short notice " 24,023,466 7 6

Bills of Exchange " 9,481,148 0 9

Investments " 10,939,332 19 7

Advances and other Securities " 50,347,649 1 9

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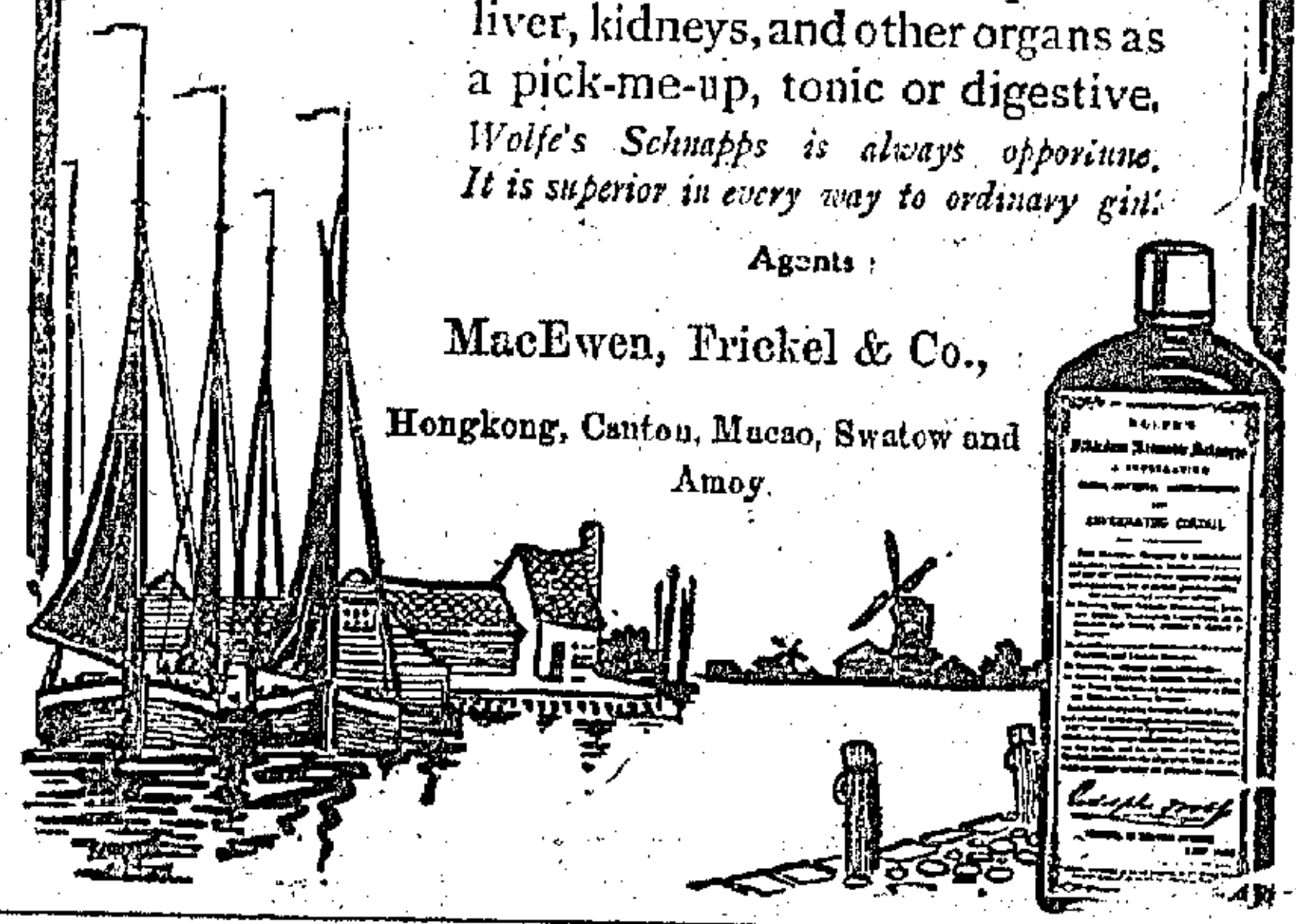
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Aromatic Schiedam

SCHNAPPS

It is not only the most wholesome spirit obtainable as a stimulant for general use; it has a beneficial effect upon the liver, kidneys, and other organs as a pick-me-up, tonic or digestive. Wolfe's Schnapps is always opportune. It is superior in every way to ordinary gins.

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All goods ready to hand. Marvellous value. Be sure write now for Catalogue, POST FREE.

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RECORD CURTAIN PARCEL 23/-

Postage Paid. Contains 3 pairs beautiful Curtains, namely:

4 Pairs All same Rich Old Lace DESIGN 5yds. long, 60ins. wide.

2 Pairs Good QUALITY EXQUISITE EMPIRE DESIGN, most successful style. 5yds. long, 60ins. wide.

Either parcel delivered POST FREE at above prices. Greatest Bargains ever offered.

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The 'Allenburys' Foods are based on scientific certainties. Used as directed, they are exactly what a baby needs to develop into a healthy and robust child. The 'Allenburys' Foods are easily assimilated; digestive and kindred disorders are avoided by their use. Infants fed on these foods are neither fretful nor wakeful.

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Milk Food No. 1. From birth to 3 months. Milk Food No. 2. From 3 to 6 months. Malted Food No. 3. From 6 months upwards. The 'Allenburys' Rusks (Malted). From 10 months upwards.

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A Celebrated Violiniste



Nervous Fatigue, Languor—

The power to excel, the confidence which ensures her brilliant successes, says the talented violinist, Miss Sybil Keymer, is entirely due to her abundance of vigorous nerve force created by Phosferine. How greatly the numerous distinctions and triumphs of this accomplished musician are promoted by the brain energy and physical stamina developed by Phosferine, is evident from Miss Keymer's admission that the tonic "enabled me to do myself justice." This power to excel, this ability to make perfect use of her skill, depends upon the marvellous control and steadiness of the muscle nerves Phosferine has given her, and to which she owes the entrancing tone and quality of her musical renditions. Naturally, this energising effect of Phosferine was accompanied by the disappearance of the headaches, listlessness, and fatigue, which were the bane of her public appearances, and it is this happy outcome which impels Miss Keymer to testify to the exceptional advantages to be derived from Phosferine.

Promptly Remedied.

Miss Sybil Keymer, "Riverside," Albany Rd., Leighton Buzzard, Eng., writes: "I think I should inform you that I have recently derived very great benefit from the use of Phosferine. In the course of my profession I have to travel a good deal in getting to my various concerts, and I find that since using Phosferine I am never troubled with the headaches and listlessness which follow a long railway journey, particularly during hot weather. This is of very great importance to me, as frequently only a very little time elapses between reaching my destination and the commencement of a concert, and it is such a relief to feel fresh and ready for playing in public undisturbed by the fatigues of long travelling. It is because I feel that Phosferine enables me to do myself justice as a violinist, preventing any of the unsteadiness of the muscle nerves, which is so harmful to tone and quality, that I confidently commend the tonic at every opportunity."—July 11, 1912.

PHOSFERINE
GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR
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Laziness Nourishment Painfulness Brain Fog
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The 2/6 size contains nearly four times the 1/6 size.
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MIND & MUSCLE IN GOLF.

BRAINS SHOULD BE IN THE FINGER-TIPS.

"Mind & Muscle in Golf" forms the subject of an interesting article by Marshall Whitlatch, a well-known American golfer, in the *Century Magazine*. Good golf (he writes) comes from educating the muscles to the correct feel of the balance of the body and club while in motion. This is essentially physical, because it is developed while the muscles are in free and spontaneous action.

The average amateur spends most of his time educating himself to a stance with the muscles in repose and the mind in action. His swing is then made without his getting the preliminary feel cultivated by the professional. This scheme is therefore decidedly mental.

In devoting the attention first to this detail and then to that, it is evident that the mind is giving an amount of conscious attention to the details out of all proportion to their importance, and a player is thus very apt to neglect the most vital point of all—the feel of the correct balance in the preliminary waggle. The professional really generalises, and leaves all the finer details of the swing to his subconsciousness to interpret correctly. The young lad just taking up the game does the same.

ACCEPTED NONSENSE.

It has come home to me that many of the things in golf that I have been in the habit of accepting as gospel are in reality pure nonsense. From careful analysis of my own game and by observing other players, I know that more shots are missed from "stiffening up" than from "looking up." Also, those players cannot help looking up who stiffen up, as the saying is.

The stiffening up is an inhibition or restraint by the sense of feeling. The reason that this inhibition occurs is due to the fact that the player becomes aware through the sense of feeling, without reasoning it out, that he is not going to hit the ball.

If it were not so, there would never be any stinging, because players would not pull in their hands in order to connect with the ball. This is a sense reaction pure and simple, and although I may not be able to show this clearly to all at the start, one may be sure that players can plan and calculate all they desire and stand rigidly facing the ball in their own way, yet when they get in action and are in the act of delivering the blow, the sense of feeling, hitherto neglected, is going to reign supreme and govern the accuracy of the effort.

The rigid, fixed address of the average amateur is the hardest thing to change; but it is no benefit, indeed it is a decided hindrance, because it induces in the player setting his muscles to accommodate his position in the address to a preconceived attitude.

WORKING OUT THE IDEA.

In working out this idea on a number of my friends, I have found that wagging the club and twisting the body in the address are of great help, because they accomplish one thing of vital importance, and that is the relaxing of the various muscles of the body, which all golfers admit is wise. This is one thing, then, which we can readily see in progress. This, as a habit, is a very desirable one to acquire.

The next thing it accomplishes is to educate a greater number of the muscles to the feel of the balance, and poise of the body while in motion, instead of in repose. This is one step in sense education. The next is that, as the player is bringing more and more of his muscles into play, he learns to use some of these muscles which have never before entered properly into the delivery of the blow.

The point where I find these players upon whom I have tried out the idea drift away from the benefit derived from an address in motion instead of an address in repose is that they will drift back to setting themselves when they put the club down behind the ball. It looks to them like a careless way of playing. It would be a careless way if it were done without an object.

The object is to get the feel. The feel is no mysterious force or formula which will put a great strain upon the intellect, and, as a matter of fact, the attention need not be focussed upon it at all. It takes care of itself, without one's giving thought to it.

THE RECIPE.

It is a simple thing to learn to keep one's balance while in motion, with the club making any sort of pendulum motion. The only thing about it is to do it, and the only thing to think about is to keep the head still while doing it.

The ability to keep the head still at such times will gradually improve, because the player is acquiring the habit while in motion. The hardest part of it all is to eradicate from one's mind all preconceived ideas of what he has been in the habit of believing is necessary to bring off the stroke.

In my own case, I think of nothing. I ignore all my former idea of angles, etc., and how everything should look, and just waggle my club to get things loosened up. I do not think of the line, I do not think of the distance, but just look at the ball in an easy, superficial way, and as soon as I feel all my muscles are free and working, I make the stroke. If I feel any muscles setting, I make another waggle to "loosen," and then swing at the ball.

I have noticed in trying out this idea upon my friends that they learn to waggle fairly well, but do not seem to grasp the importance of getting the gentle play of the body into the preliminary waggle.

Through habit they feel they must do the wagging with the club while the secret of the greatest benefit is to get the preliminary feel as well distributed over all the muscles of the body as possible. If this is done successfully, the player will use those muscles which he has just exercised, and will not have to make so

great a conscious effort with one set of muscles which he had been keeping in action to overcome another set which he has been keeping in repose.

The point to remember is that skill is acquired gradually by any method, and the player can confidently hope to make progress every month through sense education.

The majority of players fail to become as skillful as it is well within their ability to become because they kill off any chance of learning or make it extremely difficult to learn by making a mental process of golf instead of a physical exercise. The brains should be in the finger-tips and muscles.

ELEPHANTIASIS AND FILARIA.

The section of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene discussed the disease known as filariasis. To the observant traveller elephantiasis of the feet and legs is a noticeable condition in many parts of the world. In the bodies of persons suffering from this ailment there are found thread-like male and female worms some 3in. long, coiled together in tight embrace.

These reside in the lymphatic tissues of the body and produce microscopic snake-like embryos which may gain access to the blood, and can be seen at times, by the microscope, in freshly-drawn blood. The best known variety of these is named the filaria nocturna, from the fact that the embryos of this filaria can be found in the blood only at night. The human body is not the only breeding place of these parasites; to complete the cycle of their development the embryos must gain access to the body of an insect and this insect is a special kind of mosquito. The mosquito comes out at night, and when it bites a person afflicted with filaria it imbibes the embryos with the blood. After a residence in the mosquito they may be injected into man again and so may propagate the disease. It was the discovery of this phenomenon by Sir Patrick Manson, in Formosa in 1878, that laid the foundation of all our modern knowledge of the part played by insects in the conveyance of disease to man.

Dr. P. Bahr, during his recent expedition to Fiji, added a considerable amount of information to our knowledge of this subject, and his demonstration yesterday was listened to with keen interest. It is interesting to note how the geographical distribution of mosquitoes affects the diseases in a community; thus, in the island of Barbados malaria fever does not exist, because there are none of the special mosquitoes in the island which convey malaria; but, on the other hand, filarial diseases are present (so much so that the term "Barbados leg" is in common use), for the mosquito which can carry filarial embryos is present. In other West Indian islands elephantiasis is absent because the mosquito which can convey the disease is not present; whereas malaria is rife because the mosquitoes which can convey malaria are plentiful.

NEXT, PLEASE!

From Winchester, Mass., July 19th.—The factory of the New England Fire-works company went up in a puff of smoke, the result of an explosion late to-day, carrying with it Manager Ernest Borelli and three workmen. Borelli was thought to have been killed, when portions of his clothing, his eyeglass case and some of his tools were found in the vicinity. But a searching party later to-night discovered him in a clump of bushes a mile from the scene of the explosion, unable to remember what had happened. Debris was scattered for several miles and the detonation was felt for a great distance. The trio of workmen also escaped.

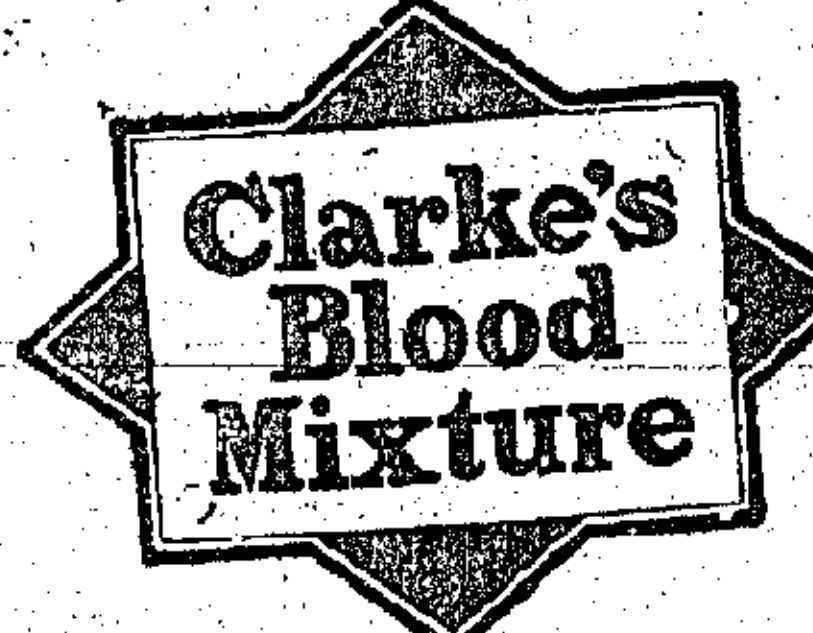
SUFFERERS FROM SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES

such as ECZEMA, SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ABSCESSSES, ULCERS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BOILS, PIMPLES, Eruptions, PILES, BLOOD POISON, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, &c., should at once realize that outward application, such as lotions, ointments so-called balms, &c., though they may give relief for the time being, DO NOT CURE. The trouble lies deeper—in the blood. These complaints are the result of clogging impurities in the blood—and so

CAN BE CURED ONLY BY PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

For cleansing the blood of all impurities, from whatever cause arising, there is no other medicine just as good as Clarke's Blood Mixture—that's why in thousands of cases of skin and blood diseases it has effected truly remarkable cures where all other treatments have failed.

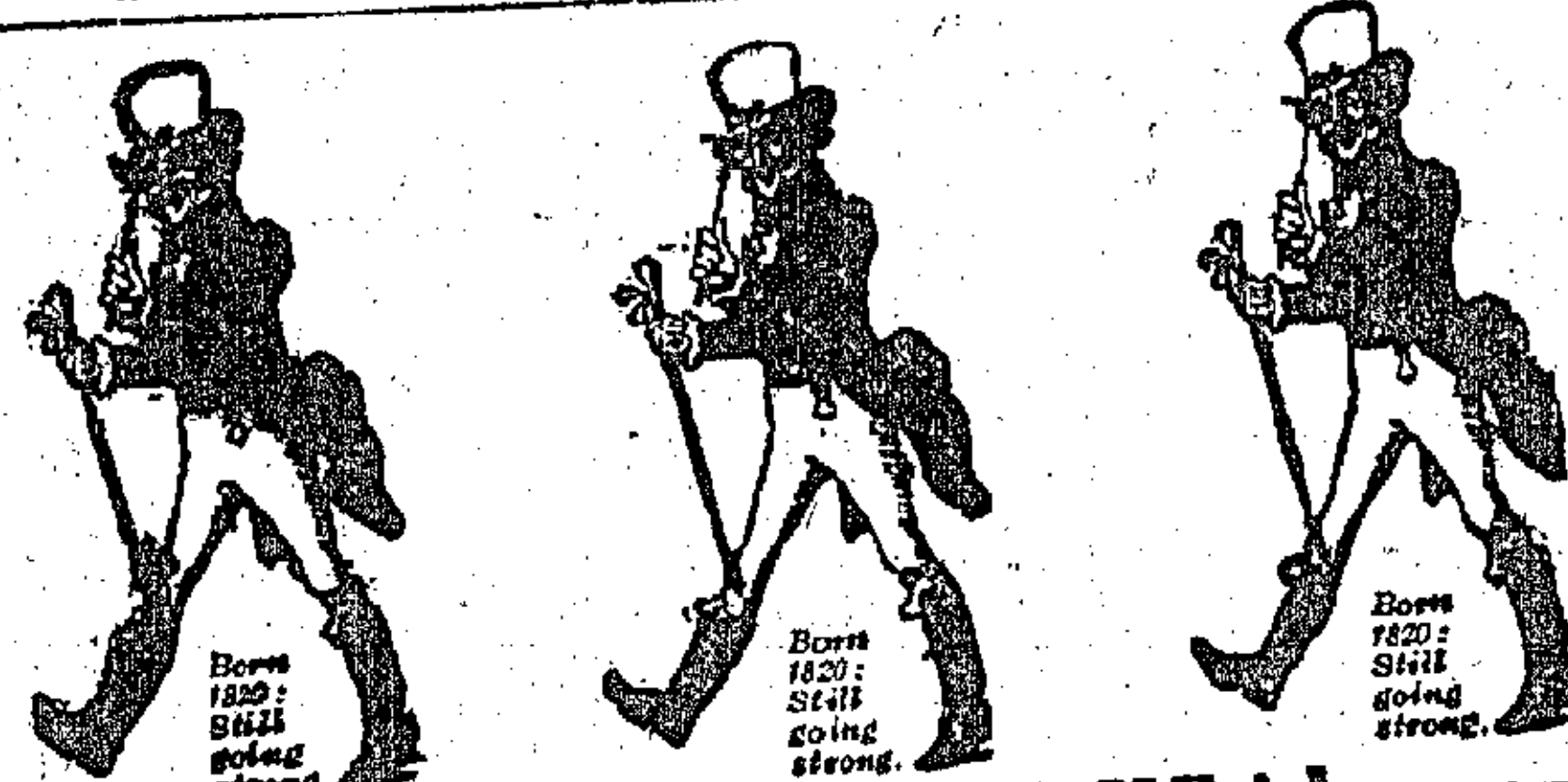
The Editor of the "Family Doctor," London's popular medical weekly, writes: "We have seen hosts of letters bearing testimony to the truly wonderful cures by Clarke's Blood Mixture. It is the first Blood Purifier that Science and Medical Skill have brought to light, and we can with the utmost confidence recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."



THE WORLD'S BEST BLOOD PURIFIER HAS CURED THOUSANDS. WILL CURE YOU. Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Give them Bovril

Because the Body-Building Power of Bovril has been proved to be from 10 to 20 times the amount taken.



When you order Whisky, say JOHNNIE WALKER

—and thus protect yourself against any immature spirit.



"JOHNNIE WALKER" White Label. Over 6 years old.
"JOHNNIE WALKER" Red Label. Over 10 years old.
"JOHNNIE WALKER" Black Label. Over 12 years old.

To be obtained from:
KAMP & CO., Shanghai.
PERRIN COOPER & CO., Tientsin.
THE HANKOW DISPENSARY CO., Ltd., Hankow.
SIEMSEN & CO., Canton and Hong Kong.
JOHN WALKER & SONS, LTD., Scotch Whisky Distillers, Kilmarnock, Scotland.

HIMROD'S
Gives Instant Relief
No matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether
ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, OR ORDINARY COUGH.
—you will find in this famous remedy a restorative power that is simply unequalled.
PAID FOR
Sold in tin by
stores throughout the world.
40 YEARS
all Chemists and
the Country.
IMITATIONS.

I say
KEATING'S LOZENGES
cure the worst cough.

Beetham's La-rola
Makes the Skin as
LOFT AS VELVET, and keeps it
LOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE
all the year round.
Removes and prevents Roughness.
— Redness, Irritation, Tan, etc.—
COOLING and REFRESHING
DURING THE SUMMER HEAT.
M. BEETHAM & SON,
CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

RIGAUD'S KANANGA
OF JAPAN
TOILET WATER
Beware of Imitations.
RIGAUD & Co
PARFUMERS
8, rue Vivienne, 8
Paris-France

DARLINGTON'S HANDBOOK.

"Sir Henry Ponsonby is commended by the Queen to thank Mr. Darlington for a copy of his Handbook."
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Visitors to London should use

DARLINGTON'S

LONDON. "A brilliant book."—*The Times*
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24 Maps and Plans,
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80 Illustrations.
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Visitors to Brighton, Eastbourne, Hastings, Bournemouth, Wye Valley, Scrove Valley, Bath, Weston-super-mare, Malvern, Hereford, Worcester, Gloucester, Llandudno, Wells, Llangollen, Aberystwyth, Towy, Barmouth, Dolgelly, Harlech, Criccieth, Pwllheli, Llandudno, Rhyl, Bettws-y-coed, Isle of Wight and Channel Islands should send for DARLINGTON'S HANDBOOKS 1s. each.
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OILSEEDS, and Central
HIDES & SKINS, Markets.
RUBBER, DRUGS, Samples valued.
COTTON, WOOL, Best price for
ORES, MICA, consignment to
GUMS, AND be obtained.
GENERAL PRODUCTS.
KEYMER, SON & CO.
Import Dept. Warehouse, London
"Elephant," "Lion," "Lioness."

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
CURES DISCHARGES, RITING, AND STRICT INFECTIONS.
THERAPION No. 2
CURES BLINDNESS, RITING, AND STRICT INFECTIONS.
THERAPION No. 3
CURES CHRONIC NEURALGIA, RITING, AND STRICT INFECTIONS.
SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, AND MEDICAL STORES.
FREE BOOK TO E. L. CLEGG, LTD.,
HARTFORD, HANTS, ENGLAND, LONDON.
TRY NEW REMEDY CURE FOR YOURSELF.
THERAPION
EASY TO TAKE
AND
LASTING CURE.
ARE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD "THERAPION" IS ON
SIDE, GOTT, TRADE MARKED TO ALL GENUINE THERAPION.
INSIST—ON—HAVING—THERAPION.

FOR SALE.

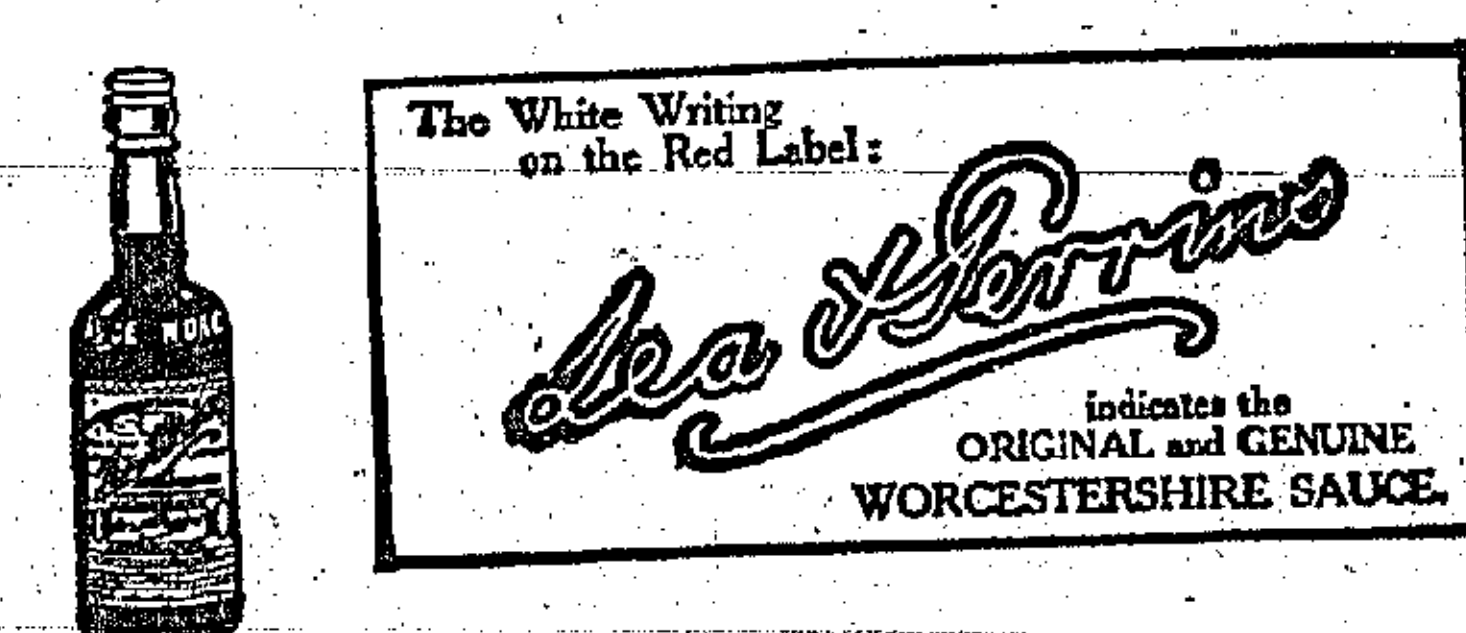
GAS COMPRESSOR with ELECTRIC MOTOR and FITTINGS. Will increase ordinary lighting power by 25 per cent. without extra cost.

Apply—
MANAGER,
Hongkong Daily Press Office.

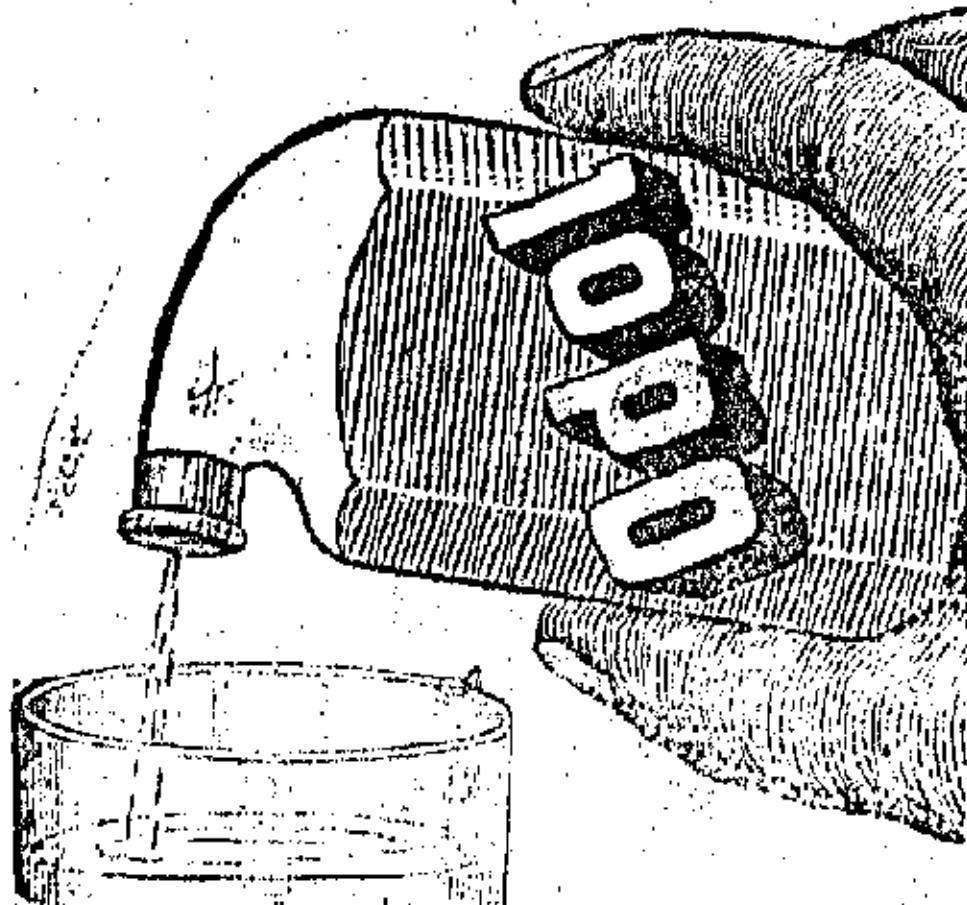
UNDER the name of "Worcestershire sauce" there is as wide a range of difference as there is under the name of "wine."

The quality of a mixture is not improved in the least by putting it into a bottle that resembles LEA & PERRINS', and by giving it a label that imitates the appearance of Lea & Perrins'.

And still there are people who conclude that if the bottle has the appearance of Lea & Perrins', the fluid inside is like Lea & Perrins' Sauce.



The White Writing on the Red Label:
Lea & Perrins'
Indicates the ORIGINAL and GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.



An Indescribably delightful sensation is procured by those who accustom themselves, immediately before retiring to rest, to clean their teeth and rinse their mouths with the dentifrice and mouthwash Odol.

Odol penetrates the cavities of the teeth and impregnates the whole mucous membrane of the mouth, and its refreshing antiseptic properties are felt at every breath that is drawn, a most useful and agreeable antidote to a stale mouth in the morning.

[945-14]

JJ & S

JOHN JAMESON'S WHISKY
unequalled for flavour and purity.
Guaranteed to be

PURE POT STILL WHISKY
Famous for over 100 years.

John Jameson & Son, Ltd., Dublin.
Distillers to H.M. The King, E.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 13th at 6.15 a.m.—Black South Cone hoisted.

At 11.20 a.m.—Black South Cone and Ball hoisted.

At 1.30 a.m.—Pressure has increased considerably over Formosa, and moderately along the south-east coast of China, and the Philippines. It has decreased slightly at Tientsin and is nearly stationary at Hongkong.

At 6 a.m. this morning the centre of the typhoon was about 150 miles S. by W. of Hongkong, travelling apparently W.S.W. It has probably deepened since yesterday.

Hongkong rainfall for 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.34 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:

DISCREET FORECAST
• Hongkong & Neighbourhood ... E. winds, fresh to Formosa Channel ... moderate.
South coast of China between the same as Hongkong and Lantau ... No. 1.
South coast of China between the same as Hongkong and Hainan ... Cyclonic gales.
• E. winds, strong, moderating; cloudy, some rain.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

11TH SEPTEMBER, 1913, A.M.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.
Vladivostok	7a.29.35	63					
Namur	6a.30.01				SSW	0	
Hakodate	30.01						
Tokio	30.02				NW	1	
Kobe	29.89				SW	1	
Nagasaki	29.91				N	1	
Kagoshima	29.92				SSW	1	
Oshima	29.89				ESE	1	
Naha	29.82				SSE	6	
Ishijima	30.01						
Bonin Is.	30.01						
Clefoe	29.93 73	75			SSW	3	
Waihaiwei	29.93 73	75			SSW	3	
Hankow	29.71						
Lohang	29.61						
Kinkiang	29.77						
Changsha	29.87 73	81			NNE	1 or	
Shanghai	29.88 75	82			NE	2 or	
Gutzlaff	29.74 82	82			NE	2 or	
Sharp Peak	29.87 78	91			SSW	2 or	
Amoy	29.87 78	91			SSW	2 or	
Swatow	29.71						
Taihou	29.71						
Taihu	29.71						
Tainan	29.71						
Koolun	29.71						
Pescadore	29.71						
Canton	29.71						
Hongkong	29.71 78	89			N	3 or	
Gap Road	29.54				ENE	7	
Macao	29.55 75				NNE	1 or	
Wuchow	29.71						
Hoihow	29.71						
Pakhoi	29.71						
Phailin	29.71						
Tonkine	29.71						
O. St. James	29.77 74				SSW	1	
Apuril	29.82 74				SSW	1	
Manila	29.85 74				SSW	1	
Legaspi	29.85 74				SSW	1	
Bacolod	29.91 82				SE	2	
Iloilo	29.91 82				SE	2	
Cebu	29.91 84				W	2	
Labuan	29.91 84				W	2	

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

1 BAROMETRIC, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.
2 TEMPERATURE, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.
3 HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.
4 DIRECTION OF WIND, in two points.
5 FORCE OF WIND, according to Beaufort Scale.
6 STATE OF SKY, in blue sky, a detached cloud, a drizzling rain, a fog, a gloom, a hail, lightning, a shower, a passing shower, a squall, rain, a snow, a thunder, a visibility, a dew (wet).
7 RAIN in inches tenths and hundredths.

THE RISE OF LAWN TENNIS.

FORTY YEARS OF PROGRESS.

The historic lawn tennis contest, recently concluded at Wimbledon, for the Davis Cup has advanced still further the popularity of a game which, though young, already makes a world-wide appeal.

Mr. A. E. Crawley writes in the *Full Moll Gazette*: Lawn tennis is in the fortieth year of its age. This is young for a game, but it must be remembered that none of our great national games, cricket, football, polo, or others, really took hold of the country or became a force in its life until the second half of the nineteenth century—that most fruitful era of human development in the whole of history.

Originally regarded as a sort of nursery parody of tennis, a pastime need for crinoline females or effete racket players, it was proved by the brothers Renshaw, two of the best-built and most finely-gifted athletes that ever lived, and by H. F. Lawford, one of the strongest men in character and muscle who ever took part in any sport, to be a game as strenuous and complex as its parent, real tennis, with the added charms of variety of style and of ever-changing conditions.

Thus far the historian... We now develop the text of the present volume of the game in this year which is its apogee. All the nations of the world, more or less, have been gathered together in the country of its birth this year to do battle in an Armageddon of the lawn tennis courts.

And two young American players, McLaughlin and Williams, the Castor and Pollux of lawn tennis, have revealed to the British public the finer possibilities of the game in a way it never dreamed of, and in a style that made it gaze with amazement. Incidentally they have won by right of racket the international championship of the game.

Throughout the world to-day you may see "the increasing purpose" in this latest-born of the family of games. We need not here work out its wonderful technique. We need only remark that the conditions of the game have brought out strokes hitherto unknown in ball games, and that the evolution of lawn tennis has always been in the direction of severity and speed.

As now played, the game has no equal as a spectacle. It is almost too rapid for the casual observer to follow. We are gradually unearthing the secrets of the extraordinary popularity and world-wide diffusion of the game. Consider America, the cradle and present resting-place of the Davis Cup. The game is played from the Argentine to the Hudson. It is the game at the schools, and consequently the favourite competition at the Universities.

In originality and force Harvard and Yale can give points to the staid calm of Oxford and the repressed juvenility of Cambridge. McLaughlin and Williams are respectively graduate and undergraduate of American Universities. The best men of Oxford and Cambridge would be swept off the court by either. England, be it understood, is the only country in the world that has not admitted this game of the present and of the future to her academic cloisters.

Hin ciliae lachrymæ! The schools of Paris, Berlin, and St. Petersburg follow the sound example of America. The holiday season draws on and we feel in our nostrils the perfume of the sea. In August we have the choice of forty lawn tennis tournaments at English seaside resorts. In the whole year there are half a hundred. To sing the praises of these seaside tournaments must be left to the local scribes; but the praises are well merited. You are sure to come up against one or more cracks, wherever you have come to court. You are sure to have a sporting game in this or that event. The increasing list of tournaments, each with a balance on the right side, however small, is a practical proof of the paying quality of the game.

Who, a few years back, would have dreamed of a lawn tennis tournament at St. Petersburg, Rome, Florence, Naples, Cairo, or Peking? But this form of competition is established at more than 2,000 important centres on the globe.

Lawn tennis is the one cosmopolitan game; it is the chief of international games. Witness the Davis Cup, to see which 200 Americans came across the Atlantic. To explain its world-wide success would occupy a treatise on spheristic dynamics and another on applied sociology.

But every one who has knocked up in a back garden or a school playground knows more of the essential appeal of the game than the ethical or mathematical philosopher.

Its vogue in England to-day is at its height. Never was there so fine a game for the "flapper," the Girtton girl, or the married woman. To play with or against these is not below the ambition of any man, be he Renshaw, or Doherty, or McLaughlin.

We approach, "sensim per gradus," the question of the vogue of lawn tennis in the country of its birth. The Lawn Tennis Association, Austria, *par exemple*, has fifty affiliated clubs; that of Bohemia has 39, Finland 5, Spain 6, Switzerland 25, Russia 20, Norway (save the mark!), in other words, Sweden, has 11, Holland 20, Mauritius (is this a nation?), 5, Spain 6.

But there are thirty or forty countries besides which possess associations with their complement of clubs, from Perak to Las Palmas.

The comparison emphasises the wonderful vogue of lawn tennis in England to-day. It has a sociological, as well as an athletic, significance. It brings out the value of athletic competition in a sphere peculiarly adapted to skill of muscle and of eye, and of competition that includes both exercises in particular. The Manchester Parks Association, with its thousands of members, is a democratic proof of the twentieth century influence of the game.



THE BEAUTY OF BEING WELL.

Nature intended every woman to be happy, attractive, active and healthy. Yet most of "the weaker sex" find their lives saddened by suffering—nearly always because their blood is to blame. All these unhappy girls and women with colourless cheeks and dull skins, who have not enough good, red blood in their veins to keep them well and charming, suffer from depressing weariness and periodical headaches; they lose all appetite and the pains of indigestion cut through their chests like knife-stabs. Dark lines form under their eyes, their breathing is hurried and palpitation of the heart seizes them after any exertion.

SUCH ARE THE MISERIES OF BLOODLESSNESS.

Nothing can rescue women from this terrible state of Anæmia except a generous supply of the rich, good Blood of Health in their veins, and nothing has ever proved so successful in creating that Red, Good Blood as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for pale people. For proof there is the fact that these Pills have cured thousands of nervous, sickly, anæmic girls and women. Here is

POWERFUL PROOF FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

Senora Amparo Villa-franca, wife of Senor P. Villa-franca, Steamship agent, of Daet, P.I., said recently:

"When, as a girl at home in Barcelona, Spain, I was attacked by our sex's great enemy—Anæmia, my health declined until my emaciated condition gave cause for the gravest anxiety to my family."

"The doctors were puzzled, for notwithstanding their skillful treatment I continued to rapidly decline. It was our

FAMILY DOCTOR'S SUGGESTION to the other medical men who were in consultation with him that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills might prove beneficial."

"In this way I first made the acquaintance of what I verily believe is the best woman's medicine in the world. With evident interest the doctors watched the wonderful effects Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were having upon me. After only a few doses of the Pills my restoration

Senora Villa-franca's description of Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people as "the best woman's medicine in the world" is endorsed by tens of thousands of women whom they have cured the world over. For men needing blood and nerve tone they are equally beneficial. Of medicine vendors everywhere, also from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 84, Szeehoon Road, Shanghai, one bottle for \$1.50, six for \$8 post free. If it's a tonic you need, remember THE

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong—

ADDRESS	FROM
Asumaya Matsubara	Iph
Bayley	Colombo
Recker, Grand Hotel	Temora
Blackton	Manchester.
Cakay	Manila
Craciani	Shanghai
Haphaloung	Medan
Hickney, Hippodrome Circus	Manila
Morris Elias	Hainan
Murray Daisy	New York
Nolasco	Los Angeles
Senghingchong	Singapore
Remedios Francisco Xavier	Macao
Wandor g	Singapore
Wongswetum, o/o Ho Ankan Singapore	Singapore
1764	Chiofo

Following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Great Northern Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong—

ADDRESS	FROM
Cheliangmok, Astor	Shanghai
Chengching	Kobe
Choi-lan-mun Tiek-wong	Batavia
Dothin, Hongkong Hotel	Shanghai
Goth	Osaka
Hurd, Globe Hotel	Shanghai
Hayes	Shimonoseki
Kwong-wahing, 97, Hongloek Road	Yokohama
Kawai, o/o Matsubara Hotel	Yokohama
Wing-chong, Wai-let Street, Yokohama	Yokohama
0682/448/2770/3057/1316	Peking
1139/5288	Amoy
1129/6670/2639/3189	Peking
3629/5288	Shanghai
3767/6068	Peking
6007/3609/4149/4108/6681/1129	Shanghai
6670/0005/4102/7190/0934/5714	Shanghai
1684/5283/5012/0749	Peking
5940/490/0375	Hankow
1742/3662/4639	Amoy

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE.

From 12th to 18th September, 1913.

Days of Week	Days of Month	HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
		H. long	Mean Time.	H. long	Mean Time.
Satur.	13	h. m.	ft. in.	h. m.	ft. in.
		7 55	7 1	1 30	4 1
Sun.	14	8 32	5 1	2 52	1 7
		9 39	7 2	2 18	3 7
Mon.	15	9 43	5 3	3 20	1 7
		9 16	7 1	2 57	3 3
Tues.	16	9 49	7 0	3 35	3 0
		10 8	5 8	4 13	2 1
Wed.	17	10 10	6 7	4 12	2 7
		10 10	6 1	4 38	2 4
Thurs.	18	10 10	6 3	4 48	2 6
		10 35	6 3	5 4	2 6
Fri.	19	11 19	5 8	5 25	2 3
		10 53	6 5	5 21	2 3

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED, COPENHAGEN.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"INDIEN" having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., Kowloon, and West Point Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before NOON TO-DAY requesting it to be landed here.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 13th inst. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 13th inst. at 9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 20th inst., or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

MELCHERS & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 6th September, 1913. [1046]

S.S. "PAUL LECAT" COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from London ex s.s. "Breton" and "Normand", from Havre ex s.s. "Normand" and from Bordeaux ex s.s. "Villedu C. Constantine" and "Villedu C. Constantine" in connection with above Steamers are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before NOON TO-DAY requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned, Goods remaining undelivered after 15th inst. at NOON will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or before the 18th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All damaged packages will be examined on 15th inst. at 10 A.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

S. C. de BUSSIERRE, Agent.
Hongkong, 8th September, 1913. [2]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS, LTD.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship

"RADNORSHIRE" having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 15th inst. at 6 P.M. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 15th inst. at 9.30 A.M.

Claims against the Steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.
Hongkong, 9th September, 1913. [49]

FROM EUROPE.

THE H.A.L. Steamship

"LIBERIA" Captain G. Schröder, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence delivery may be obtained against Bills of Lading countersigned by the Undersigned.

Optional Cargo will be carried on unless notice to the contrary be given TO-DAY.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 16th inst. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 16th inst. at 9.30 A.M.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

This Steamer brings on Cargo: Ex s.s. "Norge" from Göteborg. Ex s.s. "Frans" from Amsterdam. Ex s.s. "Jelo" from Drammen. Ex s.s. "Halmstad" from Halmstad. Ex s.s. "Norge" from Gothenburg. Ex s.s. "Stahls" from Stahls. Ex s.s. "Schaumburg" from Hamburg. HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE, Agents, Hongkong Office.
Hongkong, 10th September, 1913. [1056]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

FROM SHANGHAI, KOBE AND MOJI.

THE Steamship

"GREGORY APCAR" having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside. Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at consignees' risk and expense into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

DAVID SABSOON & Co., Ltd., Agents.
Hongkong, 11th September, 1913. [69]

VISITORS AT HOTEL.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr J. M. Aaron	Hon. Mr E. A. Howett
Mr J. W. D. Andrews	C. A.
Mr E. E. Baldwin	Mr A. L. Hudson
Mr A. T. Barberini	Mr & Mrs B. Jones
Mr H. Brain Bates	Mr & Mrs C. Jackson
Mr J. W. Barrett	Mrs M. V. Jones
Mr E. R. Bate	Mr E. S. Kabi
Mrs E. B. Bolillos	Mr Ellis Kadorie
Mr M. Benzomera	Dr & Mrs J. F. Kelly
Mr F. W. Breaker	and 2 children
Mr A. J. Cambridge	Mrs E. A. Kendergus
Miss D'Almadra	Mr A. Kersmann
Castro	Dr Kubit
Master D'Almadra	Mr T. Loeman
Castro	Mr C. Farebrother
Mr & Mrs F. X.	Mason
D'Almadra	Miss M. Matheson
Castro	Mrs R. T. Matheson
Mr F. T. Chapple	Mrs Geo. Martin
Dr A. L. E. F.	Mr A. D. McBurnay
Coloman	Mr F. A. MacKintosh
Miss J. J. Connell	Mr B. K. Mehta
Mr C. H. Davis	Mr P. Meechi
Mr J. Dewar	Mr P. Meyer
Mr & Mrs Dorotheo	Mr A. B. Menden
and 2 children	Mrs J. D. F. Müller
Miss Sophie Diamond	Mrs J. D. F. Müller
Mr & Mrs R. H.	Mrs D. Murray
Douglas	Mr H. I. Nager
Mr & Mrs H. C.	Dr R. Nöte
Khrendak	Mr P. Nye
Mr T. A. Elliott	Miss G. O'Leary
Mr T. Ferguson	General E. O'Kelly
Mr & Mrs Robert	Mr J. Ormiston
Frothingham	Mr J. W. Paton
Miss Frothingham	Mr R. de Perville
Mr Denman Fuller	Mr E. H. Ray
Mr H. Gallote	Mr B. Raworth
Mr & Mrs I. H. Gearo	Miss F. Reay
Dr J. M. Gillespie	Mr R. R. Roxburgh
Mr A. G. Gordon	Mr Geo. Samuels
Mr H. A. Gordon	Mrs Schenk
Mr J. Georgey	Mr J. C. Sibley
Mr P. O. von Griso-	Mr E. E. Singer
gono	Mr & Mrs E. E. Smith
Mr V. Goubroun	Miss A. Squar
Mr R. J. Grimshaw	Mr C. A. J. Quarles
Mr & Mrs W. A.	von Ufford
Hannibal	Capt. & Mrs H. A.
Mr A. Hanson	Walker and 2
Mr P. C. Hall	children
Dr J. G. Hanna	Mr F. W. White
Mr W. T. Harbord	Mr G. G. Wood
Dr Hartman	Mr I. W. Young
Mr H. de Hess	

PACIFIC MAILS S.S. CO.

THE AMERICAN LINE TO SAN FRANCISCO.

MONGOLIA 27,000 tons, twin screws.	COMFORT.	From HONGKONG calling at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, Kobe (via Inland Sea),
MANCHURIA 27,000 tons, twin screws.		
KOREA 18,000 tons, twin screws.	SAFETY.	YOKOHAMA and HONO-
SIBERIA 18,000 tons, twin screws.		LULU (the Paradise of the
NILE ... 11,000 tons.	SPEED.	Pacific) through Service via
CHINA ... 10,200 tons.		NEW YORK to Europe.
PERIA ... 9,000 tons.		

SOME FEATURES OF SERVICE.

ELECTRIC FANS, SWIMMING TANK, ORCHESTRA, AMUSEMENTS, WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY, SUBMARINE SIGNAL SERVICE, AND BILGE KEELS. CUISINE UNDER PERSONAL SUPERVISION OF MR. V. MORONI, ONE OF THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS CATERERS.

THE COST:—By this route to London with its unrivalled opportunities is £71-10-0, for a return ticket £120. To San Francisco via Japan and Honolulu the cost is £45. By the INTERMEDIATE SERVICE First Class accommodations are provided for £65 to London (return ticket £109) and to San Francisco £36. SPECIAL RATES to Army and Navy Officers, Diplomatic, Consular and Civil Service, on application.

STEAMERS	Tons	Sailing
PERIA ... 9,000		SUNDAY, 14th Sept., at Noon
KOREA ... 18,000		SATURDAY, 20th Sept., at 1 P.M.
SIBERIA ... 18,000		SATURDAY, 4th Oct., at 1 P.M.
CHINA ... 10,200		TUESDAY, 14th Oct., at 1 P.M.
MANCHURIA ... 27,000		TUESDAY, 21st Oct., at 1 P.M.
NILE ... 11,000		TUESDAY, 28th Oct., at 9.45 A.M.
MONGOLIA ... 27,000		SATURDAY, 8th Nov., at 1 P.M.
PERIA ... 9,000		TUESDAY, 25th Nov., at Noon

Passengers holding through Tickets have the privilege of travelling by Train between Kobe and Yokohama Free of Charge.

HONGKONG-MANILA SERVICE.

FROM HONGKONG.	Arrive Manila.	Leave Manila.	FROM MANILA.	Due Hongkong.
13th Sept. ... PERIA	15th Sept.	24th Sept.	SIBERIA	25th Sept.
14th Oct. ... CHINA	16th Oct.	2nd Oct.	CHINA	4th Oct.
28th Oct. ... NILE	30th Oct.	9th Oct.	MANCHURIA	11th Oct.
25th Nov. ... PERIA	27th Nov.	18th Oct.	NILE	20th Oct.
30th Dec. ... CHINA	1st Jan.	30th Oct.	MONGOLIA	1st Nov.

LET US PLAN AN ITINERARY FOR YOU.

KING'S BUILDING (opposite Blake Pier). R. C. MORTON, AGENT. Telephone No. 141.

Panama-Pacific International Exposition—San Francisco—1915.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM JAPAN, VIA SHANGHAI.

For STEAMER TO SAIL.

TRANSIPPING on the Co's Steamers at COLOMBO for CALCUTTA, BOMBAY and AUSTRALIA, at PORT SAID for the LEVANT, CONSTANTINOPLE and BLACK SEA.

Through Tickets to LONDON via PARIS, from £27.10 up to £71.10. 20 hours Railway from MARSEILLES to LONDON. Interpreters meet passengers or their arrival in Marseilles.

For further particulars apply to S. G. DE BUSNIERRE, ACTING AGENT, QUEEN'S BUILDING.

SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD. GOTHENBURG.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG. (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

KOREA and MOJI	"JAPAN"	9,000	On 23rd Sept.
For Freight and Further Particulars, apply to	TELEPHONE No. 171.	About 2nd Oct.	

ARTHUR NILSSON & Co.,
YORK BUILDINGS, TOP FLOOR.

371

For Freight and Further Particulars, apply to ARTHUR NILSSON & Co., YORK BUILDINGS, TOP FLOOR.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS. From Hongkong: 27th Sept. Connecting with "KATANGA" From Colombo: 12th Oct.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS if sufficient inducement offers, and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

For Rates and Further Information, apply to THE BANK LINE, LIMITED, MANAGING AGENTS.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD. APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

S.S. "JELUNGA," 5,205 tons, Captain J. R. O. Sullivan, will be despatched for KOREA and MOJI on 23rd September.

S.S. "ARARAT" 4,450 tons, Captain W. Walker, will be despatched to SHANGHAI, KOREA and MOJI on 27th September.

WESTWARD.

S.S. "GREGORY APCAR," 4,500 tons, Capt. J. E. Drake, will be despatched for SINGAPORE, PENANG and CALCUTTA on 16th September, at 3 p.m.

S.S. "DILWALA," 5,325 tons, Captain G. N. Ramag, R.N.E., will be despatched as above on 22nd September.

The above Steamers have excellent Saloon accommodation for Passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For Freight or passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., HONGKONG, 12th September, 1913.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

* HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.

SATURDAY, 13 SEPT., 1913.

8 a.m. HEUNGSHAN. 10 p.m. HONAM. 8 a.m. HONAM. 5 p.m. KINSHAN.

SUNDAY, 14 SEPT., 1913.

10 p.m. FATSHAN. 4 p.m. HEUNGSHAN.

A Telephone Service has been recently installed on the Canton Company's Steamers. Day Steamers Call No. 776, Night Steamers Call No. 775.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. SUI TAI, Tons 1,651. S.S. SUI AN, Tons 1,651.

HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sundays at 9 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. Sundays at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 14 SEPTEMBER, 1913.

The Company's Steamship.

Will depart from the WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 a.m. and return from Macao at 5 p.m. N.B.—The Company will also run a Steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 a.m., and from Hongkong at 12.30 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. This Steamer connects with the Excursion Steamer returning from Macao at 5 p.m.

FARES AS USUAL.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. HOI-SAN, 457 tons.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 p.m. Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 p.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD., AND THE IND-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. SAINAM, 588 tons, and S.S. MANNING, 569 tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers LINZAN and SANLI. These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin. Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., Hotel Mansions (First Floor), opposite the Blake Pier.

SAN FRANCISCO SCENIC ROUTE TRANS-PACIFIC TOYO KISEN KAISHA TRANS-CONTINENTAL WESTERN PACIFIC DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

Now Triple Screw Turbine Flyers—21 Knots Speed.
S.S. TENYO MARU ... 22,000 tons.
S.S. CHIYO MARU ... 22,000 tons.
S.S. SHINYO MARU ... 22,000 tons.

S.S. NIPPON MARU ... 11,000 tons. (Intermediate.)
S.S. HONGKONG MARU ... 11,000 tons. (Intermediate.)
THE QUICK AND COMFORTABLE WAY OF TRAVEL FROM JAPAN, CHINA, PHILIPPINES AND THE FAR EAST, VIA HONOLULU.

These Vessels present the Farthest Advance in the Science of Shipbuilding, being Equipped with every Modern Device for the Safety, Convenience, Comfort and Entertainment of Passengers, including Wireless Telegraph, Automatic Safety Devices, Electric Lights in every Berth, Electric Fans in every Stateroom. Brass Beds, Porcelain Bathtubs, Steam Laundry, Nursery and Playground for Children. Open Air Gymnasium, Moving Picture Shows, Swimming Tanks, Orchestral Concerts. Perfect Service—Unequaled Cuisine.

WESTERN PACIFIC-DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

The T.K.K. Liners connect at San Francisco with the Palatial Trains of the Western-Pacific and Denver and Rio Grande Railways to Chicago via Salt Lake City and Denver without CHANGE. Through Standard Sleepers. Through Tourists' Sleepers. Dining Cars—Observation Cars. Electric Lights—Electric Union Depots. New Lands, Cities and Scenes—Hundreds of Miles through the Gorgeous Scenery of the Sierras—Feather River Canon—and the Royal Gorge of Colorado. Convenient connections at Chicago with Trains for New York (Transatlantic Steamers) and other Eastern points. When taking out Passage over the SAN FRANCISCO SCENIC-ROUTE ask for Ticket form No. 826.

C. LACY GOODRICH,

GENERAL ORIENTAL AGENT.

75, MAIN STREET, YOKOHAMA, and KING'S BUILDING, HONGKONG

AUSTRIAN LLOYD.

(Under Mail Contract with the Austrian Government, MONTHLY FAST SERVICE TO TRIESTE (VENICE) VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID. S.S. "AFRICA," 8,840 tons, will leave as above on 15th Sept., at 4 p.m. Superior accommodation for 1st, and 2nd Class passengers, no surtax, no tips, no inside Cabins. Doctor Stewards, Laundry, Wireless Telegraphy. FARES: Hongkong-Trieste (Venice), £50 1st, £35 2nd, £19 3rd Class. MONTHLY ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE (VENICE) VIA STRAITS (CALCUTTA), COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID. S.S. "AUSTRIA," 14,000 tons, will leave as above about 1st October. These Steamers of large tonnage are fitted with comfortable one class accommodation for Saloon Passengers. No Surtax. Doctor, Stewards, Wireless Telegraphy. RAILWAY FARES: Trieste-London. BY SIMPLON EXPRESS: Via Venice, Milan, Simplon, Lausanne, Paris, Cologne, Bielefeld, Class I £28.15, II £28.15. Via Venice, Milan, St. Gotthard, Lucerne, Bielefeld, Lausanne, Paris, Cologne, Bielefeld, Class I £28.15, II £28.15. BY SEMMERING EXPRESS: Via Vienna, Cologne, Brussels, Ostend, Dover, Class I £28.15, II £28.15. BY TAVERN EXPRESS: Via Munich, Cologne, Hook or Flushing, Class I £27.15, II £27.15. TO SHANGHAI. S.S. "KOEBER," 9,900 tons, will leave as above on 1st October, at 6 a.m. FARES: Hongkong-Shanghai, £6 1st, £4 2nd, £2 3rd Class. TO KOREA VIA SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA. S.S. "PERIA," 12,500 tons, will leave as above about 27th September. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea & Danube, also North & South America.

SANDER, WILBER & Co., Agents, Hongkong, 8th September, 1913.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1914.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES AND LONDON

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c.

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Connecting Steamer "ORIENTAL" leaves YOKOHAMA	Steamers to	Leave SHANGHAI	Leave HONGKONG	Connecting Steamers from COLOMBO to MARSEILLES and LONDON	Due at MARSEILLES	Due at LONDON
p.m. Thurs.		10 p.m. Tues.	1 p.m. Sat.		Saturday	Friday
Jan. 8	EGYPT	Jan. 13	Jan. 17	MOOLTAN	Feb. 14	Feb. 20
Jan. 22	DEVANHA	Jan. 27	Jan. 31	MOREA	Feb. 28	Mar. 6
Feb. 5	CHINA	Feb. 10	Feb. 14	MAROKA	Mar. 14	Mar. 20
Feb. 19	ASSAYE	Feb. 24	Feb. 28	MAROKA	Mar. 28	Apr. 3
Mar. 5	INDIA	Mar. 10	Mar. 14	MOLDAYIA	Apr. 11	Apr. 17
Mar. 19	DEVANHA	Mar. 24	Mar. 28	MEDINA	Apr. 25	May 1
Apr. 2	ARCADIA	Apr. 7	Apr. 11	MONGOLIA	May 9	May 15
Apr. 16	DELTA	Apr. 21	Apr. 25	MALWA	May 23	May 29
Apr. 30	ASSAYE	May 5	May 9	MOOLTAN	June 6	June 13

Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO, and those for BRINDISI transfer also to the Express Mail Steamer at PORT SAID. Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.

FARES.

The Fares to London and Marseilles are as follows:—		LONDON	
1st Saloon "A"	Accommodation Single	£55.	Return £97.
2nd Saloon "A"	"	£59.	" £89.
"B"	"	£44.	" £66.
"C"	"	£40.	" £60.
1st Saloon "A"	Accommodation Single	£51.	Return £91.
2nd Saloon "A"	"	£55.	" £83.
"B"	"	£42.	" £63.
"C"	"	£38.	" £57.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS INTERMEDIATE (NON-TRANSHIPMENT) STEAMERS WILL LEAVE FOR LONDON CARRYING 1ST AND 2ND SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

STEAMERS.	Leave Y'HAMA	Leave SHANGHAI	Leave H'KONG	Leave S'PORE	Due at MARSEILLES	Due at LONDON
BORNEO	about Jan. 6	about Jan. 17	about Jan. 21	about Jan. 27	about Feb. 23	about Mar. 4
NANKIN	Jan. 20	Jan. 31	Feb. 4	Feb. 10	Mar. 9	Mar. 15
NYANZA	Feb. 3	Feb. 14	Feb. 18	Feb. 24	Mar. 23	Apr. 1
NORE	Feb. 17	Feb. 28	Mar. 4	Mar. 10	Apr. 6	Apr. 15
NILE	Mar. 3	Mar. 14	Mar. 18	Mar. 24	Apr. 21	Apr. 30
MALTA	Mar. 17	Mar. 28	Apr. 1	Apr. 7	May 5	May 14
SUMATRA	Mar. 31	Apr. 11	Apr. 15	Apr. 21	May 19	May 28
NUBIA	Apr. 14	Apr. 25	Apr. 29	May 5	June 3	June 12
NAMUR	Apr. 28	May 9	May 13	May 20	June 18	June 27

These Steamers call also at PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG and COLOMBO.

FARES TO LONDON: 1st Saloon £50 Single, £75 Return. 2nd Saloon £35 Single, £52 Return.

FARES TO MARSEILLES: 1st Saloon £46 Single, £62 Return. 2nd Saloon £33 Single, £48 Return.

All Passenger Steamers are fitted with the Marconi System of Wireless Telegraphy. THE ABOVE RATES ARE SUBJECT TO A SURTAX OF 10%. For Further Particulars, apply to—

E. A. HEWETT, SUPERINTENDENT.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA (THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMERS AND DISPLACEMENT	TONS	SAILING DATES
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, VIA SINGA.	IYO MARU Capt. Hirase,	12,500	WED'DAY, 24th Sept., at Daylight.
PORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ and PORT SAID	HIRANO MARU Capt. H. Fraser,	16,000	WED'DAY, 8th Oct., at D'light.
VICTORIA, B.C., and SEATTLE VIA KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, MOJI, KORE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA	SADO MARU Capt. Asakawa,	12,500	TUESDAY, 23rd Sept., at 4 p.m.
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, VIA MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	YOKOHAMA MARU Capt. S. Wada,	12,500	TUESDAY, 7th Oct., at Noon
CALCUTTA VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON	KUMANO MARU Capt. M. Winkler,	9,300	WED'DAY, 24th Sept., at Noon
BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, and COLOMBO	INABA MARU Capt. Tomimaga,	12,500	WED'DAY, 22nd Oct., at Noon
KOBE and YOKOHAMA	CEYLON MARU Capt. Noguichi,	12,000	SATURDAY, 20th September.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	KAMAKURA MARU Capt. T. Hori,	12,500	THURSDAY, 19th September.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	KAMO MARU Capt. K. Kawara,	16,000	THURSDAY 25th Sept., at 11 A.M.
KOBE	TOSA MARU Capt. Eto,	12,000	TUESDAY, 16th September.
	INABA MARU Capt. Tomimaga,	12,500	WED'DAY, 24th Sept., at 11 A.M.
	KAWACHI MARU Capt. Christiansen,	12,500	TUESDAY, 16th September.

§ Fitted with New System of Wireless Telegraphy. Cargo only.

REDUCED SUMMER RATES

BETWEEN

HONGKONG AND JAPAN PORTS.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TICKETS (1st and 2nd Class), available for 3 months. Commencing from 1st June, ending 30th September, 1913.

	YOKOHAMA Return.	KOBE Return.	MOJI Return.	NAGASAKI Return.
1st Class	\$135	\$122	\$108	\$95
2nd "	\$81	\$75	\$65	\$57

With option of Rail between Steamer's Calling Ports in Japan.

For Further Information as to Freight, Sailing, &c., apply to—

TELEPHONE Nos. 292 and 1241.

T. KUSUMOTO, MANAGER.

[11-12-1]

